

Management Console User's Guide

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Hardware

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Preface

This guide explains how to use the Machine Intelligence System Management (MISM) console to manage BullSequana Edge servers.

See The Bull support web site for the most up-to-date product information, documentation, firmware updates, software fixes and service offers:
<http://support.bull.com>

Intended Readers

This guide is intended for use by system administrators and operators.

Chapter 1. Installing the MISM console

1.1. Introduction

The Machine Intelligence System Management (MISM) console allows the user to manage BullSequana Edge servers.

MISM is delivered as docker containers and is based on two open-source software:

- Ansible Tower to control servers through a graphical user interface
- Zabbix to monitor servers through a graphical user interface

1.2. Installing / Updating the MISM console

This section explains how to install the Machine Intelligence System Management (MISM) console on the system selected to host it.

Important On an existing installation, tower-cli should be installed to run add_awx_playbooks.sh.

Prerequisites

Docker CE version 17.12.0 or higher is installed and running

<https://docs.docker.com/install/>

Docker Compose version 1.24.0 or higher is installed

<https://docs.docker.com/compose/install/>

The mism_<version>.gz package is available

Estimated operation time

15 minutes

Procedure

For a first installation or to update an existing installation, perform the following operations:

1. Open a terminal window.
2. Go to the installation directory.
3. Extract the MISM file.

```
$ tar xzvf mism_full_<version>.tar.gz
```

4. Run the following command.

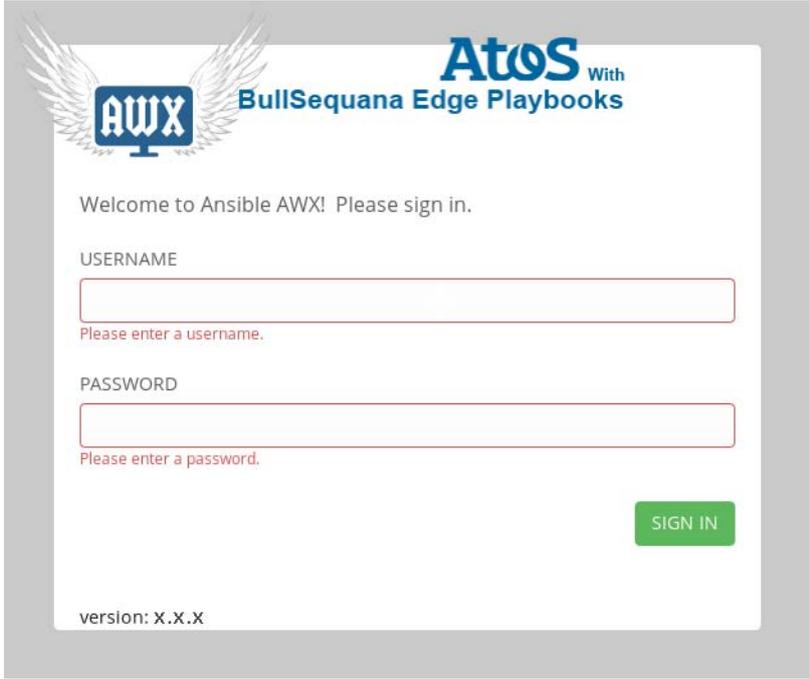
```
$.install.sh
```

Notes

- Performed on an existing installation, this operation preserves user data such as inventories and user accounts
- Ansible installation is optional

5. When the request to confirm the installation of Ansible appears, answer Yes or No as required.
6. Open a web browser.
7. Connect to the MISM console by entering the name or IP address of the MISM console in the address bar, using the https protocol.

8. Wait until the update is complete and the authentication page opens.



Atos^{With}
BullSequana Edge Playbooks

AWX

Welcome to Ansible AWX! Please sign in.

USERNAME

Please enter a username.

PASSWORD

Please enter a password.

SIGN IN

version: X.X.X

9. Run the following command.

```
$. /add_awx_playbooks.sh
```

Note Performed on an existing installation, this operation preserves any playbook created by the user. However, any playbook from the BullSequana Edge Playbooks project that has been modified by the user is restored to its original state.

1.3. Controlling the MISM console

Note The commands are located in the MISM installation directory.

- To get the version of the installed MISM console, run the following command:

```
$.get_mism_version.sh
```

- To uninstall the MISM console, run the following command:

```
$.uninstall.sh
```

- To start the MISM console, run the following command:

```
$.start.sh
```

- To stop the MISM console, run the following command:

```
$.stop.sh
```

1.4. Changing the connection certificate

1. Stop the MISM console.
 - a. Go to the MISM installation directory.
 - b. Run the following command.

```
$ ./stop.sh
```

2. Go to the SSL directory.

```
$ cd ansible/awx_ssl
```

3. Generate 2048 private key.
 - Without a passphrase:

```
$ openssl genrsa -out nginx.key 2048
```

- With a passphrase:

```
$ openssl genrsa -out nginx.key -passout stdin 2048
```

The nginx.key file is generated.

4. Generate a request for a csr certificate.

```
$ openssl req -sha256 -new -key nginx.key -out nginx.csr -subj '/CN=awx.local'
```

The nginx.csr file is generated.

5. Generate a crt certificate.

```
$ openssl x509 -req -sha256 -days 365 -in nginx.csr -signkey nginx.key -out nginx.crt
```

The nginx.crt file is generated.

6. Start the MISM console.
 - a. Go to the MISM installation directory.
 - b. Run the following command.

```
$ ./start.sh
```

1.5. Configuring a proxy server

There is no proxy server delivered with the MISM console.

To configure a proxy server for the MISM console, perform the following operations:

1. Stop the MISM console.
 - a. Go to the MISM installation directory.
 - b. Run the following command.

```
$ ./stop.sh
```

2. Open the `docker-compose-mism.yml` file with a text editor.
3. In the `environment` sub-section of the `awx_web` section, add the following lines:

```
-----  
http_proxy: http://<proxy>:<port number>  
https_proxy: https://<proxy>:<port number>  
no_proxy: 127.0.0.1,localhost,zabbix-web,zabbix-server,zabbix-agent,awx_web,  
awx_task,rabbitmq,postgres,memcached, <IP address>  
-----
```

4. In the `environment` sub-section of the `awx_task` section, add the following lines:

```
-----  
http_proxy: http://<proxy>:<port number>  
https_proxy: https://<proxy>:<port number>  
no_proxy: 127.0.0.1,localhost,zabbix-web,zabbix-server,zabbix-agent,awx_web,  
awx_task,rabbitmq,postgres,memcached, <IP address>  
-----
```

5. Save and close the `docker-compose-mism.yml` file.
6. Start the MISM console.

```
$ ./start.sh
```

1.6. Recovering MISM databases

This section explains how to backup and restore the AWX and Zabbix databases.

-
- Notes**
- The commands are located in the MISM installation directory
 - The backup files are located in the `installation_directory/storage/pgadmin_bullsequana.com/` directory
-

Recovering an AWX database

- To backup the AWX database, run the following command:

```
./backup_database.sh -t awx -f backup_file
```

- To restore the AWX database, run the following command:

```
./restore_database.sh -t awx -f backup_file
```

Recovering a Zabbix database

- To backup the Zabbix database, run the following command:

```
./backup_database.sh -t zabbix -f backup_file
```

- To restore the Zabbix database, run the following command:

```
./restore_database.sh -t zabbix -f backup_file
```

Chapter 2. Controlling resources

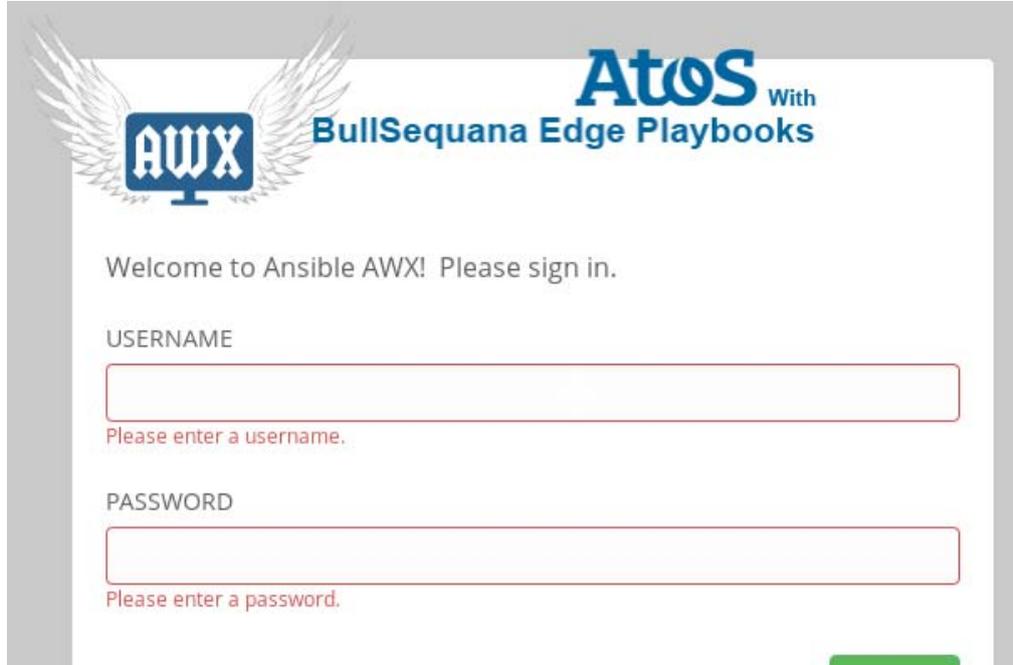
To control systems, the Machine Intelligence System Management (MISM) console uses the Ansible Tower framework. Ansible Tower is a graphically-enabled framework accessible via a web interface and a REST API endpoint for Ansible, the open source IT orchestration engine.

Important Consult the full Ansible Tower documentation before using the MISM console:
<https://docs.ansible.com/ansible-tower/>

2.1. Logging in

Procedure

1. Launch the web browser and enter the name or IP address of the MISM console using the https protocol. The authentication page opens.



Controlling console	
Username	Default name: mism
Password	Default password: mismpass

2. Complete the **Username** and **Password** fields and click **Sign in**. The **Dashboard** page opens.

What to do if an incident occurs?

If the connection to the MISM console cannot be made or if the web pages are displayed incorrectly, one of the following problems may be the cause:

- Network failure
- Incorrect network settings
- Incorrect browser settings (proxy configuration)

Important It is strongly recommended to change the default mism user password once initial setup is completed, taking care to record the new account details for subsequent connections.

2.2. Console description

2.2.1. Console overview

The screenshot shows the Atos console dashboard. On the left is a dark sidebar menu with categories: VIEWS (Dashboard, Jobs, Schedules, My View), RESOURCES (Templates, Credentials, Projects, Inventories, Inventory Scripts), ACCESS (Organizations, Users, Teams), and ADMINISTRATION (Credential Types, Notifications, Management Jobs, Instance Groups, Applications, Settings). The main content area is titled 'DASHBOARD' and features a top navigation bar with user 'mijm', help, and power icons. Below this are six summary cards: HOSTS (1), FAILED HOSTS (1), INVENTORIES (1), INVENTORY SYNC FAILURES (0), PROJECTS (1), and PROJECT SYNC FAILURES (0). A 'JOB STATUS' line chart shows job counts over time from May 19 to Jun 19. At the bottom are two tables: 'RECENTLY USED TEMPLATES' and 'RECENT JOB RUNS'.

Mark	Description
A	Views
B	Resources
C	Access
D	Administration
E	Quick access

Features

Area	Description	Features
Quick access	Provides rapid access to frequently used features	User Account
		About
		Ansible Tower Documentation
		Log Out
		Activity Stream
Views	Provides access to resource monitoring features	Dashboard
		Jobs
		Schedules
		My View
Resources	Provides access to resource management and configuration features	Templates
		Credentials
		Projects
		Inventories
		Inventory Scripts
Access	Provides access to user management and permission setting features	Organizations
		Users
		Teams
Administration	Provides access to various administrative options	Credential Types
		Notifications
		Management Jobs
		Instance Groups
		Applications
		Settings

2.2.2. Delivery content

On delivery, the monitoring console contains the following elements:

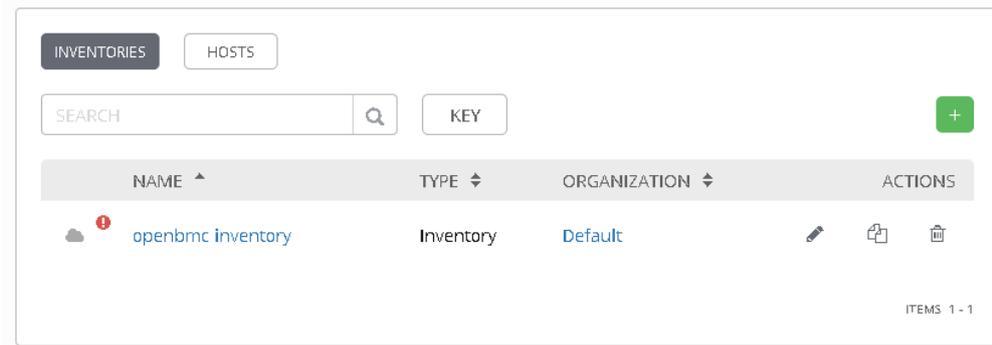
- The BullSequana Edge Playbooks project, which contains the delivered playbooks
- A collection of job templates, which are based on the provided playbooks
- The BullSequana Edge inventory, given as an example
- The Bull organization
- The BullSequana Edge group
- The BullSequana Edge Vault credential

2.3. Adding resources

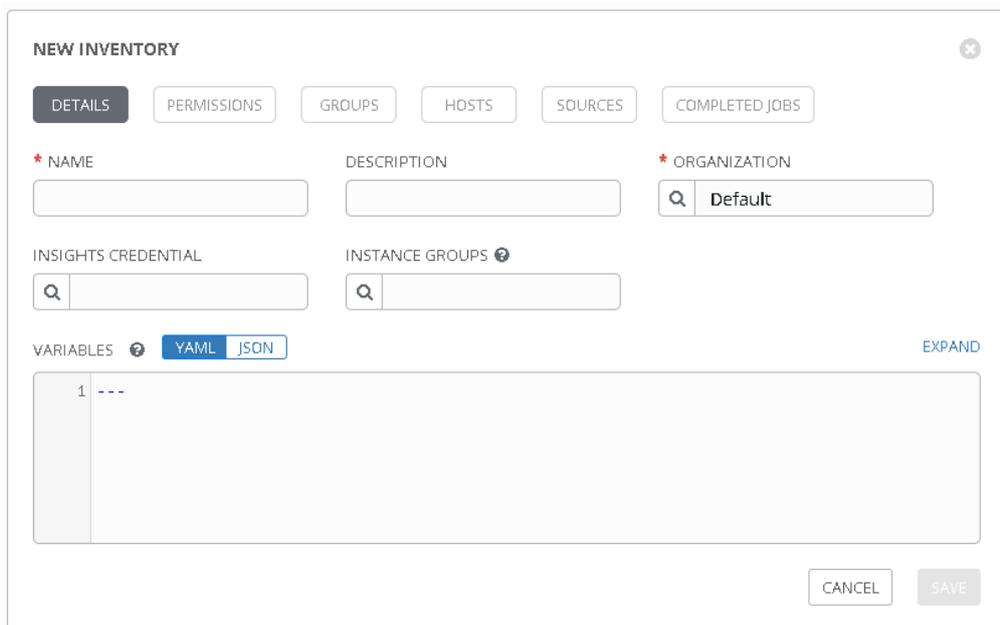
2.3.1. Creating an inventory

Note The Openbmc inventory is delivered as an example of how to set up an inventory.

1. From the left navigation bar, click **Inventories**. The **Inventories** page opens.



2. Click the green + and select **Inventory**. The **New Inventory** page opens.

A screenshot of the 'NEW INVENTORY' form in the OpenBMC web interface. The form has a title 'NEW INVENTORY' and a close button. Below the title are tabs for 'DETAILS', 'PERMISSIONS', 'GROUPS', 'HOSTS', 'SOURCES', and 'COMPLETED JOBS'. The 'DETAILS' tab is selected. The form contains several input fields: '* NAME' (required), 'DESCRIPTION', '* ORGANIZATION' (required), 'INSIGHTS CREDENTIAL', and 'INSTANCE GROUPS'. There are also search icons for the 'INSIGHTS CREDENTIAL' and 'INSTANCE GROUPS' fields. Below these fields are 'VARIABLES' tabs for 'YAML' and 'JSON', with 'YAML' selected. A large text area for variables is shown with a line number '1' and a dashed line. At the bottom right of the form are 'CANCEL' and 'SAVE' buttons.

3. Complete the **Name** and **Organization** fields.

4. Complete the **Variables** field.

Variable	Description	BullSequana Edge inventory value
forceoff	Indicates if powering the server off is necessary during a job. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • True: the host is automatically powered off. • False: the host is not automatically powered off and the BIOS or CPLD update is effective only after the next power cycle. 	True
power_cap	Provides the maximum value allowed for power consumption	Not defined
poweroff_countdown	Indicates the delay before checking that the host is successfully powered off (in seconds).	15
poweron_countdown	Indicates the delay before checking that the host is successfully powered on (in seconds).	15
reboot	Indicates if rebooting the BMC is necessary during a job. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • True: the BMC reboots automatically. • False: the BMC does not automatically reboot and the BMC update is effective only after the next reboot. 	True
reboot_countdown	Indicates the delay before checking that the BMC rebooted successfully (in minutes).	3
rsyslog_server_ip	Provide the network parameters necessary for rsyslog	0.0.0.0
rsyslog_server_port		514
technical_state_path	Provides the path to the Technical State file when updating firmware	/host/mnt

Note If these variables are not defined in the inventory, they must be defined as extra variables when launching a job.

5. Complete the other fields as needed.

6. Click **Save**.

2.3.2. Adding a host to an inventory

1. From the **Inventories** page, click the newly created inventory. The inventory page opens.

My first inventory

DETAILS PERMISSIONS GROUPS HOSTS SOURCES COMPLETED JOBS

* NAME My first inventory DESCRIPTION * ORGANIZATION Default

INSIGHTS CREDENTIAL INSTANCE GROUPS

VARIABLES **YAML** JSON EXPAND

```
1 forceoff: True
2 reboot: True
3
4 # Set a path to a Bull Technical State file
5 technical_state_path: /mnt
6
```

CANCEL SAVE

2. Click **Hosts**.
3. Click the green + button. The **Create Host** page opens.

CREATE HOST ON

DETAILS FACTS GROUPS COMPLETED JOBS

* HOST NAME DESCRIPTION

VARIABLES **YAML** JSON EXPAND

```
1 ---
```

CANCEL SAVE

4. Complete the **Host Name** field with the IP address of the server to be added.

- Complete the **Variables** field with the mandatory variables.

VARIABLES YAML JSON EXPAND

```

1 ---
2 baseuri: "{{ inventory_hostname }}"
3 username: <username>
4 password: <pwd>

```

Mandatory host variables	
baseuri	Write "{{inventory_hostname}}"
username	Write the host BMC username
password	Write the host BMC password

Note If the host BMC password is not indicated here, set up the job templates to prompt for it as an extra variable at launch.

See 2.5. Adding security if a encrypted password is necessary.

- Click **Save**.

2.3.3. Creating a group of hosts in an inventory

- From the **Inventories** page, click the inventory to be edited. The inventory page opens.

My first inventory ✖

DETAILS PERMISSIONS GROUPS HOSTS SOURCES COMPLETED JOBS

* NAME:
 DESCRIPTION:
 * ORGANIZATION:

INSIGHTS CREDENTIAL:
 INSTANCE GROUPS:

VARIABLES YAML JSON EXPAND

```

1 forceoff: True
2 reboot: True
3
4 # Set a path to a Bull Technical State file
5 technical_state_path: /mnt
6

```

CANCEL SAVE

- Click **Groups**.

3. Click the green + button. The **Create Group** page opens.

CREATE GROUP

DETAILS GROUPS HOSTS

* NAME DESCRIPTION

VARIABLES ? YAML JSON

1 ---

CANCEL SAVE

4. Complete the required fields and click **Save**.
5. Click **Hosts**.
6. Click the green + button and select **Existing Host**. The **Select Hosts** window opens.

SELECT HOSTS

SEARCH Q KEY

HOSTS ^

ON XXX.XX.XX.XX

ITEMS 1 - 1

CANCEL SAVE

7. Select the hosts to be added to the group and click **Save**.

2.4. Controlling resources

BullSequana Edge servers are controlled by launching jobs from different job templates.

2.4.1. Available job templates

The MISM console is delivered with a collection of job templates.

Name	Description	Necessary variables
Activate firmware updates	Activates newly uploaded firmware	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> reboot forceoff
BIOS Boot Mode	Retrieve BIOS boot information	None
BIOS Boot Source		
Check BMC alive	Checks that the BMC is running	
Check critical high and low alarms	Checks for high and low critical alarms in the system	
Check Power Off	Check the system power state	
Check Power On		
Check Rsyslog Server IP and Port	Checks that the syslog server IP address and port are identical to the ones defined in the inventory variables.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> rsyslog_server_ip rsyslog_server_port
Check warning high and low alarms	Checks for high and low warning alarms in the system	None
Delete firmware image	Deletes a firmware image uploaded on the BMC	image
Evaluate firmware update from Technical State	Details what will be updated by the Technical State	technical_state_path
Firmware inventory - Active	Lists the firmware that has been uploaded and activated	None
Firmware inventory - Ready	Lists the firmware that has been uploaded but not activated	
FRU	Returns FRU information	
Get Rsyslog Server IP and Port	Retrieves syslog server information	
Immediate Shutdown	Powers off the system without waiting for software to stop	
LED	Returns the state of the module identification LED	
Logs	Retrieves the system logs	
Network	Lists the network interfaces	

Name	Description	Necessary variables
Orderly Shutdown	Stops all software on the system before removing power	
Power Cap	Returns the maximum value allowed for power consumption	None
Power On	Powers on the system	
Reboot BMC	Stops and starts the BMC again	
Rsyslog Server IP and Port	Retrieves syslog server information	
Sensors	Retrieves the sensor information	
Set BIOS Boot Mode to Regular	Select the BIOS boot mode	
Set BIOS Boot Mode to Safe		
Set BIOS Boot Mode to Setup		
Set BIOS Boot Source to Default	Select the BIOS boot source	
Set BIOS Boot Source to Disk		
Set BIOS Boot Source to External Media		
Set BIOS Boot Source to Network		
Set LED off	Turns the module identification LED off	
Set LED on	Turns the module identification LED on	
Set Power Cap off	Removes the possibility of setting a maximum value for power consumption	
Set Power Cap on	Sets a maximum value for power consumption	power_cap
Set Rsyslog Server IP	Set up the syslog server	rsyslog_server_ip
Set Rsyslog Server Port		rsyslog_server_port
State BMC	Check the state of the system components	None
State Chassis		
State Host		
System	Returns system information.	
Update firmware from file	Updates firmware from a file.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • file_to_update • reboot • forceoff

Name	Description	Necessary variables
Update firmware from Technical State	Updates all the system firmware from the Technical State.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • technical_state_path • reboot • forceoff
Upload firmware images from Technical State	Uploads all the system firmware from the Technical State	technical_state_path

2.4.2. Launching a job

This section explains how to launch a job manually. Jobs can also be scheduled to launch automatically.

See The Ansible Tower documentation for more information:
<https://docs.ansible.com/ansible-tower/>

1. Navigate to the **My View** or **Templates** page to display the job template list.

The screenshot displays the 'TEMPLATES' page in Ansible Tower, showing a list of 15 job templates. The interface includes a search bar, a 'KEY' input field, and a '+ ' button. The templates are listed in a table with columns for the template name, a 'Job Template' label, a progress indicator (a row of 10 colored squares), and three action icons (rocket, copy, and trash). The 'Compact' view is selected, and the 'Expanded' view is also visible.

TEMPLATES 15			
SEARCH		KEY	+
			Compact Expanded
activate firmware update	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️
check critical alarms	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️
check power off	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️
check power on	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️
evaluate from technical state	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️
firmware inventory	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️
FRU	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️
get logs	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️
power off	Job Template	■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	🚀 📄 🗑️

- Click the required job template. The job template page opens.

firmware inventory ✕

DETAILS PERMISSIONS NOTIFICATIONS COMPLETED JOBS SCHEDULES ADD SURVEY

* NAME DESCRIPTION
 * JOB TYPE PROMPT ON LAUNCH

* INVENTORY PROMPT ON LAUNCH * PROJECT
 * PLAYBOOK

CREDENTIAL PROMPT ON LAUNCH FORKS
 LIMIT PROMPT ON LAUNCH

* VERBOSITY PROMPT ON LAUNCH JOB TAGS PROMPT ON LAUNCH
 SKIP TAGS PROMPT ON LAUNCH

LABELS INSTANCE GROUPS JOB SLICING

TIMEOUT SHOW CHANGES PROMPT ON LAUNCH
 OPTIONS
 ENABLE PRIVILEGE ESCALATION ALLOW PROVISIONING CALLBACKS
 ENABLE CONCURRENT JOBS USE FACT CACHE

EXTRA VARIABLES PROMPT ON LAUNCH

```
1 ---
```

CANCEL SAVE LAUNCH

- Complete the **Inventory** field with the inventory containing the hosts to be manipulated by the job.
- If needed, complete the **Limit** field with a group in the selected inventory to further constrain the lists of hosts to be manipulated by the job.
- Complete the **Extra variables** field.

See 2.4.1. Available job templates to review the variables needed for each job.

- If the host password has not been provided as a host variable, select **Prompt at launch** next to the **Extra variables** field. The user will be asked to give the password as a variable when the job launches.
- Click **Save**.

8. Click **Launch**. The **Jobs** page opens.

The screenshot shows the Ansible Tower interface for a job named 'firmware inventory'. On the left, the 'DETAILS' panel shows the job status as 'Successful' and provides various metadata such as start and finish times, job template, and environment. On the right, a terminal window displays the Ansible execution output, including the configuration file path, module search paths, and the start of a play named 'Firmware Update'.

```
firmware inventory
PLAYS 1 TASKS 1 HOSTS 1 ELAPSED 00:00:21

SEARCH [ ] Q KEY

1 ansible-playbook 2.9.0.dev0
2 config file = /etc/ansible/ansible.cfg
3 configured module search path = [u'/var/lib/awx/.ansible/plugins/modules', u'/usr/share/ansible/plugins/modules']
4 ansible python module location = /usr/lib/python2.7/site-packages/ansible
5 executable location = /usr/bin/ansible-playbook
6 python version = 2.7.5 (default, Oct 30 2018, 23:45:53) [GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-36)]
7 Using /etc/ansible/ansible.cfg as config file
8
9 PLAYBOOK: get_firmware_inventory.yml
10 *****
11 1 plays in firmware/get_firmware_inventory.yml
12
13 PLAY [Firmware Update] 18:01:48
14 *****
15 META: ran handlers
16
17 TASK [Create Auth token] 18:01:48
18 *****
19 task path: /var/lib/awx/projects/openbmc/firmware/get_firmware_inventory.yml:8
```

9. Consult the process and output of the job in the text window.

10. Click ... to display hidden lines.

2.4.3. Scheduling a job

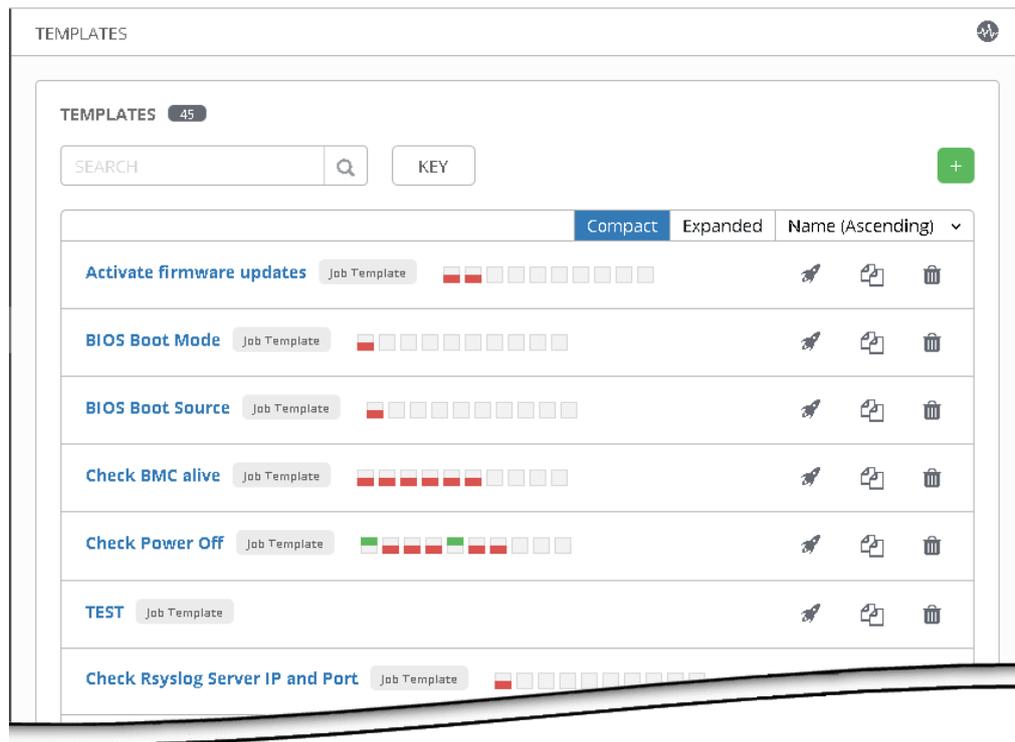
This section explains how to schedule a job so that it is launched automatically.

Note Job schedules are created from template, project or inventory resources.

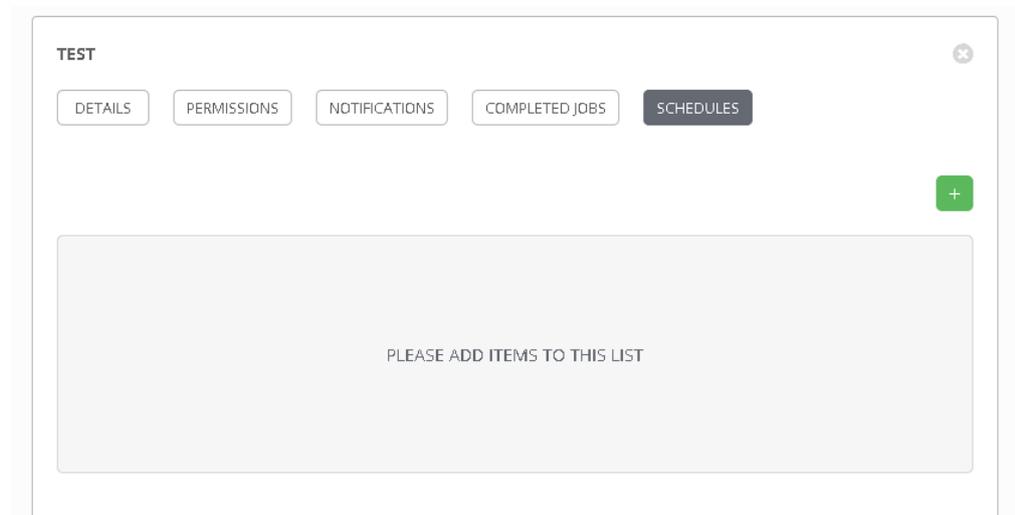
See The Ansible Tower documentation for more information: <https://docs.ansible.com/ansible-tower/>

1. From the left navigation bar, click a resource (Templates, Projects or Inventories). A new page opens.

Templates example



2. Click a resource.



3. Click the **Schedules** tab.
4. Complete the fields as required.

Example

MySchedule
✖

* NAME

* START DATE

* START TIME (HH24:MM:SS)

 : :

* LOCAL TIME ZONE

* REPEAT FREQUENCY

FREQUENCY DETAILS

* EVERY

 MONTH
S

* ON DAY

* ON THE

* END

* OCCURRENCES

SCHEDULE DESCRIPTION

every month on the 1st for 3 times

OCCURRENCES (Limited to first 10) DATE FORMAT LOCAL TIME ZONE UTC

04-01-2020 00:00:00
05-01-2020 00:00:00
06-01-2020 00:00:00

Important The schedules must be set in UTC time.

5. Click **Save** to complete changes.
- The schedule is created for the resource.

TEST
✖

NAME	FIRST RUN	NEXT RUN	FINAL RUN	ACTIONS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MySchedule	1/4/2020 00:00:00	1/4/2020 00:00:00	1/6/2020 00:00:00	<input type="button" value="✎"/> <input type="button" value="🗑"/>

ITEMS 1 - 1

6. Use the toggle button to enable or disable the schedule.

- From the left navigation bar, click **Schedules** to manage the scheduled jobs.

The screenshot displays the 'SCHEDULED JOBS' section of a management console. At the top, there is a header 'SCHEDULED JOBS' with a notification badge showing the number '5'. Below the header is a search bar with the placeholder text 'SEARCH' and a magnifying glass icon, followed by a 'KEY' button. The main content is a table with four columns: 'NAME', 'TYPE', 'NEXT RUN', and 'ACTIONS'. Each row represents a scheduled job, with a checked checkbox in the 'NAME' column. The jobs listed are: 'MySchedule' (Playbook Run, next run 1/4/2020 00:00:00), 'Cleanup Expired Sessions' (Management Job, next run 8/3/2020 09:37:41), 'Cleanup Expired OAuth 2 Tokens' (Management Job, next run 8/3/2020 09:37:41), 'Cleanup Job Schedule' (Management Job, next run 10/3/2020 09:37:41), and 'Cleanup Activity Schedule' (Management Job, next run 10/3/2020 09:37:41). The 'ACTIONS' column for each job contains edit and delete icons. At the bottom right of the table, it says 'ITEMS 1 - 5'.

NAME	TYPE	NEXT RUN	ACTIONS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MySchedule	Playbook Run	1/4/2020 00:00:00	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cleanup Expired Sessions	Management Job	8/3/2020 09:37:41	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cleanup Expired OAuth 2 Tokens	Management Job	8/3/2020 09:37:41	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cleanup Job Schedule	Management Job	10/3/2020 09:37:41	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cleanup Activity Schedule	Management Job	10/3/2020 09:37:41	

ITEMS 1 - 5

2.5. Adding security

The BullSequana Edge Vault can be used to store encrypted passwords. On delivery, it is already associated with all the delivered job templates as a credential.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for a job named "BIOS Boot Mode". The page has several tabs: DETAILS (selected), PERMISSIONS, NOTIFICATIONS, COMPLETED JOBS, SCHEDULES, and ADD SURVEY. The configuration is organized into several sections:

- NAME:** BIOS Boot Mode
- DESCRIPTION:** BIOS Boot Mode
- JOB TYPE:** Run
- INVENTORY:** BullSequana Edge Inventory
- PROJECT:** BullSequana Edge Playbooks
- PLAYBOOK:** firmware/get_bios_boot_mode.yml
- CREDENTIAL:** BullSequana Edge Vault | bullsequana_edge_password
- FORKS:** 0
- LIMIT:** (empty)
- VERBOSITY:** 0 (Normal)
- JOB TAGS:** (empty)
- SKIP TAGS:** (empty)
- LABELS:** (empty)
- INSTANCE GROUPS:** (empty)
- JOB SLICING:** 1
- TIMEOUT:** 0
- SHOW CHANGES:** (toggle off)
- OPTIONS:**
 - ENABLE PRIVILEGE ESCALATION (checkbox off)
 - ALLOW PROVISIONING CALLBACKS (checkbox off)
 - ENABLE CONCURRENT JOBS (checkbox off)
 - USE FACT CACHE (checkbox off)

2.5.1. Creating a password for the BullSequana Edge Vault

The BullSequana Edge Vault initially has no defined password. To create one, perform the following actions:

1. From the left navigation bar, click **Credentials**. The **Credentials** page opens.

The screenshot shows the "CREDENTIALS" page with a search bar and a "KEY" button. A table lists the credentials:

NAME	KIND	OWNERS	ACTIONS
Demo Credential	Machine	mism	[edit] [copy] [delete]
BullSequana Edge Vault	Vault	Bull	[edit] [copy] [delete]

Items 1 - 2

2. Click **BullSequana Edge Vault**. The **BullSequana Edge Vault** page opens.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the "BullSequana Edge Vault". It has two tabs: DETAILS (selected) and PERMISSIONS. The configuration includes:

- NAME:** BullSequana Edge Vault
- DESCRIPTION:** BullSequana Edge Vault associated to
- ORGANIZATION:** Bull
- CREDENTIAL TYPE:** Vault
- TYPE DETAILS:**
 - VAULT PASSWORD:** (empty field with "Prompt on launch" checkbox)
 - VAULT IDENTIFIER:** bullsequana_edge_password

Buttons: CANCEL, SAVE

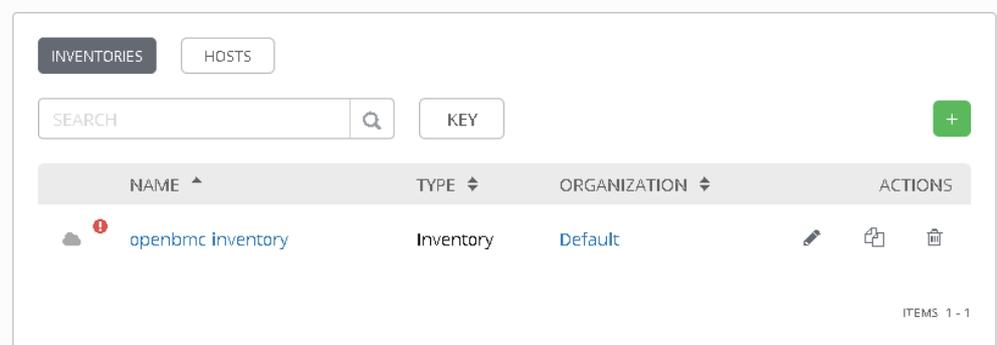
3. Complete the **Vault Password** field.
4. Click **Save**. The **Vault Password** field is now encrypted.

2.5.2. Creating an encrypted password for a host

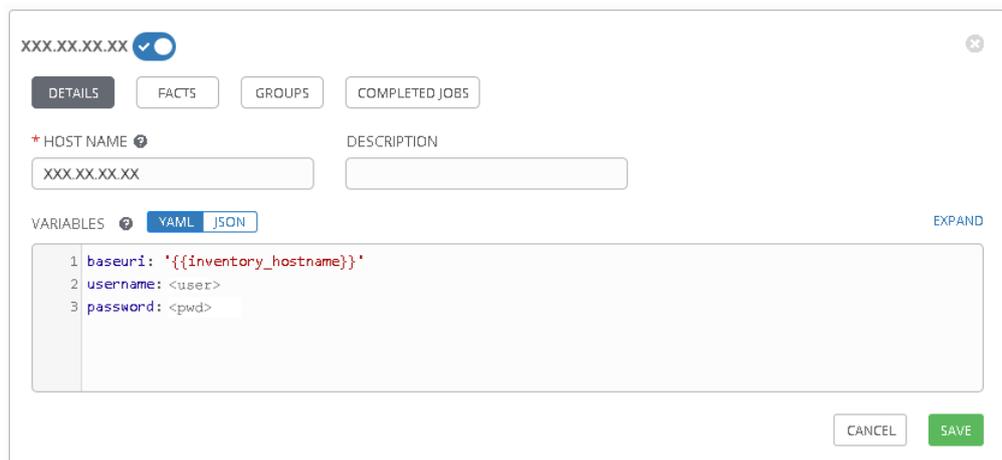
1. Choose a name for the password that is going to be encrypted.
2. Open a Terminal window.
3. Run the following command:

```
$. /generate_encrypted_password_for_AWX.sh --name <password name> <host BMC password>
```

4. Enter the BullSequana Edge Vault password when asked. The encrypted password is generated.
5. From the left navigation bar, click **Inventories**. The **Inventories** page opens.



6. Click the inventory which contains the host to be edited. The inventory page opens.
7. Click **Hosts** and click the host to be edited. The host page opens.



8. Delete any previous passwords from the **Variables** field and add the following line.

```
password: '{{password name}}'
```

9. Click **Save**.

2.5.3. Deleting an encrypted password

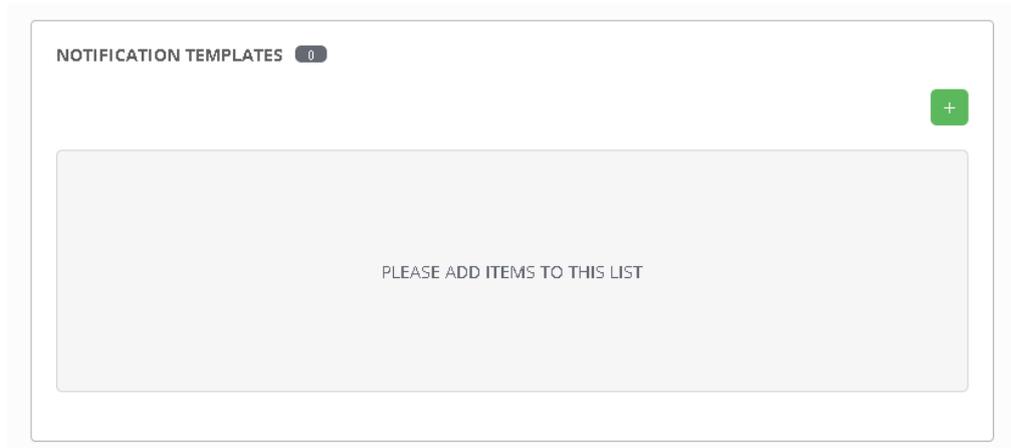
The encrypted passwords are stored in the `passwords.yml` file in the `/ansible/vars` sub-directory of the MISM installation directory. To delete one, perform the following actions:

1. Open the `passwords.yml` file in a text editor.
2. Locate the password to be deleted using the password name.
3. Delete the lines associated with the password.
4. Save and close the file.
5. Update the password in the host variables.

2.6. Setting up email alerts

2.6.1. Creating an email notification template

1. From the left navigation bar, click **Notifications**. The **Notifications** page opens.



2. Click the green +. A new page opens.
3. Complete the **Name** and the **organization** fields.
4. Select **Email** from the **Type** drop-down list.

5. Complete the fields as required.

Example

NEW NOTIFICATION TEMPLATE

* NAME: MyEmail DESCRIPTION: * ORGANIZATION: Bull

* TYPE: Email

TYPE DETAILS

USERNAME: PASSWORD: SHOW * HOST: XXX.XX.X.XX

* RECIPIENT LIST: YY.YY@atos.net * SENDER EMAIL: XX.XX@atos.net * PORT: 25

* TIMEOUT: 30 OPTIONS: USE TLS USE SSL

CUSTOMIZE MESSAGES...

CANCEL SAVE

Important TLS and SSL options are mutually exclusive. Be sure to only select one option. Checking both causes the notification to fail with no warning message.

6. Click **Save** to complete changes.

The notification template is created.

NOTIFICATION TEMPLATES 1

SEARCH KEY +

NAME	TYPE	ACTIONS
MyEmail	Email	

ITEMS 1 - 1

7. Click the test notification button to send a test email.

2.7. Performing basic operations

2.7.1. Performing power operations

Important The https protocol must always be used to connect to the MISM console.

Powering servers on

1. Launch the **Power On** job.
2. Check that the job status is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.
3. Launch the **Check Power On** job.
4. Check that the job status is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

W087  **WARNING**

W087:
The immediate reboot and shutdown buttons should only be used if the Operating System is unable to respond to an orderly reboot or shutdown request.
These sequences may result in data loss and file corruption.

Powering servers off

1. Select the power operation:
 - **Orderly Shutdown**
 - **Immediate Shutdown**
2. Launch the selected job.
3. Check that the job status is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.
4. Launch the **Check Power Off** job.
5. Check that the job status is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.
 - The laptop is connected to the server BMC port
 - The server BMC has an IP address allocated
 - The server is in standby power mode
 - The MISM console is launched

Rebooting BMCs

1. Launch the **Reboot bmc** job.
2. Check that the job status is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.
3. Launch the **Check BMC alive** job.

4. Check that the job status is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

2.7.2. Updating firmware

Important

- **The BMC must be rebooted after an update of its firmware. If the reboot variable is set as False, it must be done manually for the update to be effective.**
 - **The host must be powered off before updating the BIOS or CPLD firmware. If the forceoff variable is set as False, it must be done manually.**
-

2.7.2.1. Updating firmware globally

Two-step operation

1. Review which firmware will be updated

1. Launch the **Evaluate firmware update from Technical State** job.

Note The path to the Technical State file must be indicated as an inventory variable or as a job extra variable.

2. Check that the job is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

2. Update the firmware

1. Launch the **Update firmware from Technical State** job.

Note The following variables must be indicated as inventory variables or as job extra variables:

- technical_state_path
 - reboot
 - forceoff
-

2. Check that the job is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.
3. Launch the **Firmware inventory - Active** job to get firmware versions.
4. Check that the job is **Successful**.
If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

Three-step operation

1. Review which firmware will be updated

1. Launch the **Evaluate firmware update from Technical State** job to know which firmware will be updated.

Note The path to the Technical State file must be indicated as an inventory variable or as a job extra variable.

2. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

2. Upload the firmware

1. Launch the **Upload firmware images from Technical State** job.

Note The path to the Technical State file must be indicated as an inventory variable or as a job extra variable.

2. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

3. Launch the **Firmware inventory - Ready** job to get firmware versions.

4. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

3. Activate the firmware

1. Launch the **Activate firmware updates** job.

Note The following variables must be indicated as inventory variables or as job extra variables:

- reboot
 - forceoff
-

2. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

3. Launch the **Firmware inventory - Active** job to get firmware versions.

4. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

2.7.2.2. Updating firmware individually

1. Launch the **Update firmware from file** job.

Note The following variables must be indicated as inventory variables or as job extra variables:

- reboot
 - forceoff
 - file_to_update
-

2. Check that the job is **Successful**.

- If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.
3. Launch the **Firmware inventory - Active** job to get firmware versions.
 4. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

2.7.3. Enabling syslog forwarding

Prerequisites

The syslog server is configured for messaging

Procedure

1. Indicate the syslog server IP address and port as variables in the inventory.

The screenshot shows the 'My first inventory' configuration interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'DETAILS', 'PERMISSIONS', 'GROUPS', 'HOSTS', 'SOURCES', and 'COMPLETED JOBS'. The 'DETAILS' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are several input fields:

- * NAME: My first inventory
- DESCRIPTION: (empty)
- * ORGANIZATION: Default
- INSIGHTS CREDENTIAL: (empty)
- INSTANCE GROUPS: (empty)

 At the bottom, there is a 'VARIABLES' section with a code editor. The code editor shows the following YAML configuration:


```

    1 forceoff: true
    2 reboot: true
    3
    4 rsyslog_server_ip: <IP address>
    5 rsyslog_server_port: <port number>
    6
    
```

 There are 'CANCEL' and 'SAVE' buttons at the bottom right of the form.

2. Launch the **Set Rsyslog Server IP** job.
3. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

4. Launch the **Set Rsyslog Server Port** job.
5. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

6. Launch the **Check Rsyslog Server IP and Port** job to check the syslog server parameters.
7. Check that the job is **Successful**.

If the job status is **Failed**, check the output of the job in the text window.

Chapter 3. Monitoring resources

To monitor systems, the Machine Intelligence System Management (MISM) console uses Zabbix. Zabbix is an enterprise-class open source distributed monitoring solution accessible via a web-based interface.

Important Consult the full Zabbix documentation before using the MISM console:

<https://www.zabbix.com/documentation/current/manual>

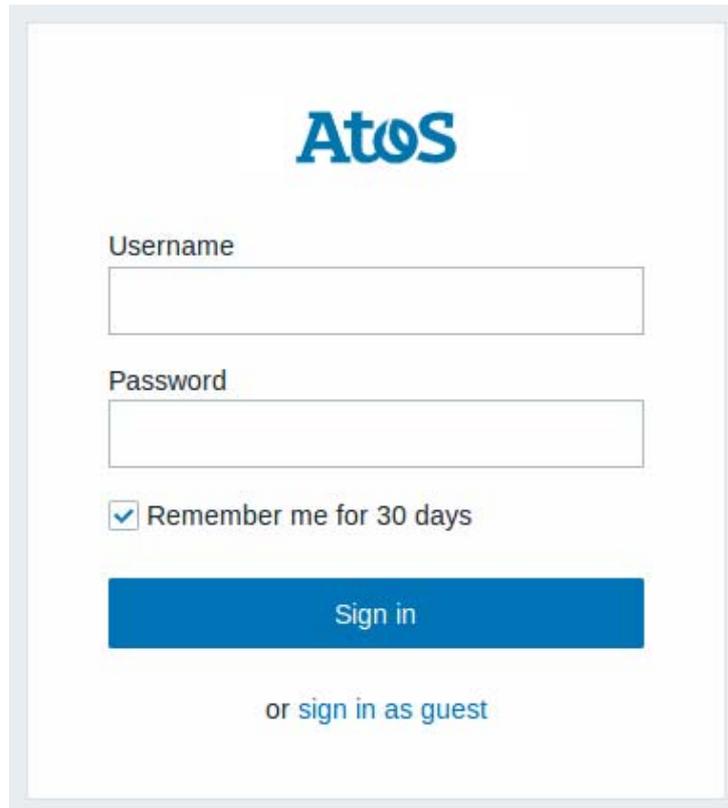
3.1. Logging in

Procedure

1. Launch the web browser and enter the name or IP address of the MISM console followed by the port number 4443 using the https protocol:

https://<IP address>:4443

The authentication page opens.



Monitoring console	
Username	Default name: Admin
Password	Default password: zabbix

2. Complete the **Username** and **Password** fields and click **Sign in**. The **Dashboard** page opens.

What to do if an incident occurs?

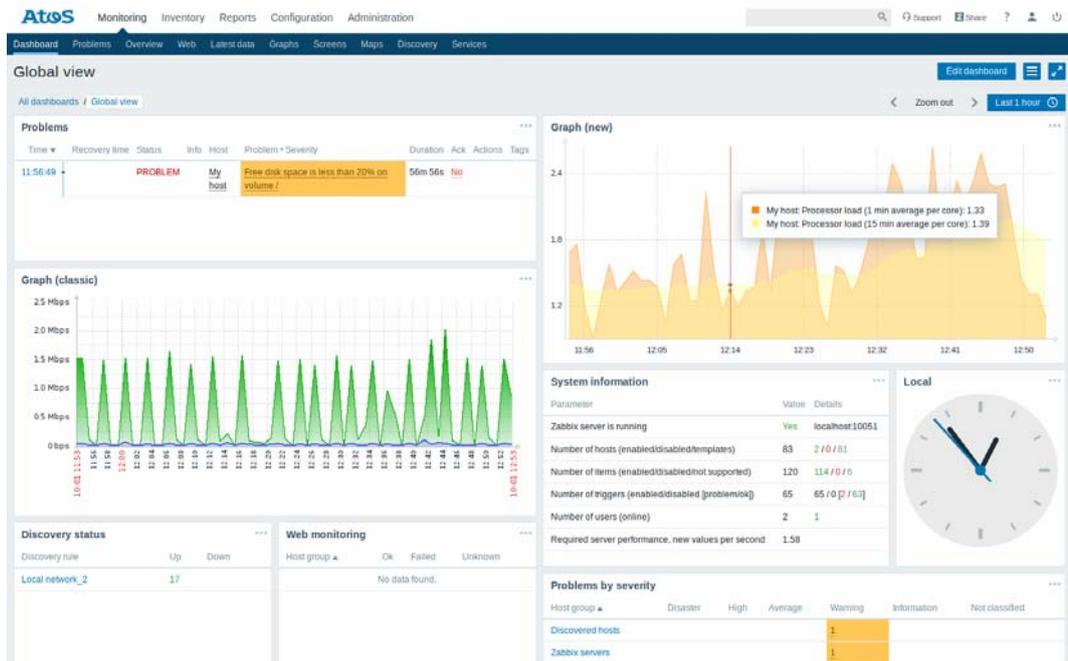
If the connection to the MISM console cannot be made or if the web pages are displayed incorrectly, one of the following problems may be the cause:

- Network failure
- Incorrect network settings
- Incorrect browser settings (proxy configuration)

Important It is strongly recommended to change the default Admin user password once initial setup is completed, taking care to record the new account details for subsequent connections.

3.2. Console description

3.2.1. Console overview



Monitoring console description	
Menus	Five menus allow access to five families of features accessible from the associated tabs: Monitoring, Inventory, Reports, Configuration and Administration.
Tabs	Provides access to console features. Note that displayed features differ according to the selected menu.
Work pane	The work pane displays the information associated with the item selected in the menus.

Features

Menu	Description	Features
Monitoring	Provides access to the information the monitoring console is configured to gather, visualize and act upon.	Dashboard
		Problems
		Overview
		Web
		Latest data
		Graphs
		Screens
		Maps
		Discovery
		Services
Inventory	Provides access to host inventory details.	Overview
		Hosts
Reports	Provides access to predefined and user-customizable reports displaying system information, triggers and gathered data.	System information
		Availability report
		Triggers Top 100
		Audit
		Action log
Configuration	Allows to set up major functions: hosts and host groups, data gathering, data thresholds, sending problem notifications, creating data visualization and others.	Notifications
		Host groups
		Templates
		Hosts
		Maintenance
		Actions
		Event correlation
		Discovery
Services		
Administration	Provides access to administrative functions. This menu is available to Super Administrator users only.	General
		Proxies
		Authentication
		User Groups
		Users
		Media types
		Scripts
Queue		

3.2.2. Delivery content

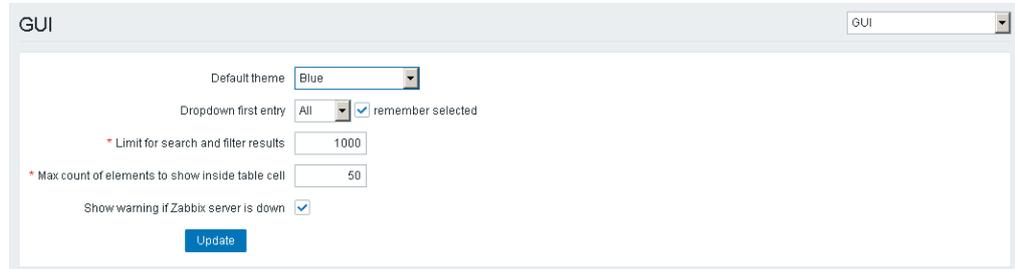
On delivery, the monitoring console contains two templates that allow Zabbix to be used to monitor BullSequana Edge servers:

- template-atos_openbmc-lld-zbxv4.xml, containing all metrics, triggers and discovery items.
- template-atos_openbmc-rsyslog-zbxv4.xml, containing the rsyslog info

3.3. Preliminary configuration

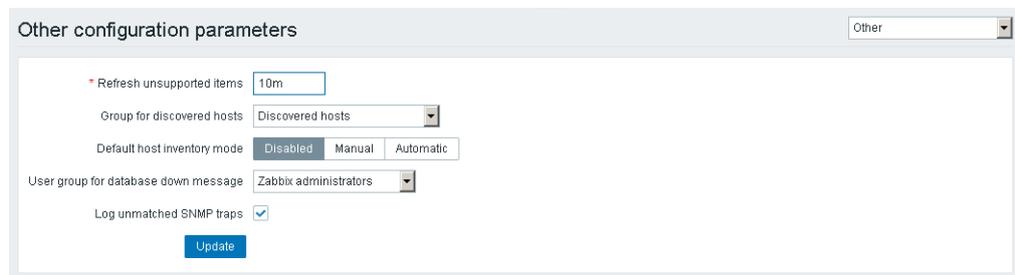
3.3.1. Enabling automatic inventory

1. From the **Administration** menu, click the **General** tab. The **GUI** page opens.



The screenshot shows the 'GUI' configuration page. It includes a 'Default theme' dropdown set to 'Blue', a 'Dropdown first entry' dropdown set to 'All' with a checked 'remember selected' option, a 'Limit for search and filter results' input field set to '1000', a 'Max count of elements to show inside table cell' input field set to '50', and a checked 'Show warning if Zabbix server is down' checkbox. An 'Update' button is at the bottom.

2. From the drop-down list on the right, click **Other**. The **Other configuration parameters** page opens.

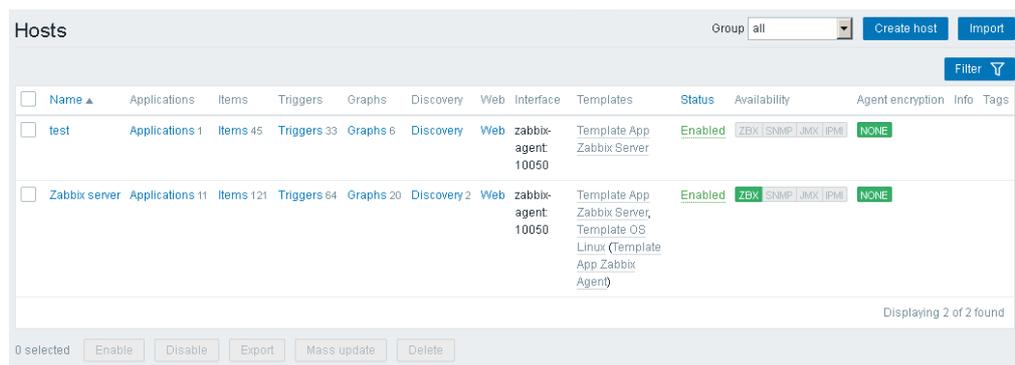


The screenshot shows the 'Other configuration parameters' page. It includes a 'Refresh unsupported items' input field set to '10m', a 'Group for discovered hosts' dropdown set to 'Discovered hosts', a 'Default host inventory mode' button group with 'Automatic' selected, a 'User group for database down message' dropdown set to 'Zabbix administrators', and a checked 'Log unmatched SNMP traps' checkbox. An 'Update' button is at the bottom.

3. Click **Automatic** for **Default host inventory mode**.
4. Click **Update**.

3.3.2. Renaming the Zabbix server host

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Hosts** tab. The **Hosts** page opens.



The screenshot shows the 'Hosts' page with a table of hosts. The table has columns for Name, Applications, Items, Triggers, Graphs, Discovery, Web, Interface, Templates, Status, Availability, Agent encryption, Info, and Tags. Two hosts are listed: 'test' and 'Zabbix server'. The 'Zabbix server' host is highlighted.

Name	Applications	Items	Triggers	Graphs	Discovery	Web	Interface	Templates	Status	Availability	Agent encryption	Info	Tags
test	Applications 1	Items 45	Triggers 33	Graphs 6	Discovery	Web	zabbix-agent 10050	Template App Zabbix Server	Enabled	ZBX SNMP JMX IPMI	NONE		
Zabbix server	Applications 11	Items 121	Triggers 64	Graphs 20	Discovery 2	Web	zabbix-agent 10050	Template App Zabbix Server, Template OS Linux (Template App Zabbix Agent)	Enabled	ZBX SNMP JMX IPMI	NONE		

0 selected | Enable | Disable | Export | Mass update | Delete

2. Click the **Zabbix server** line. The details of the host are displayed.

The screenshot shows the Zabbix Management Console configuration page for a host named 'zabbix-server'. The page includes the following fields and sections:

- Host name:** zabbix-server
- Visible name:** Zabbix server
- Groups:** Zabbix servers (selected)
- Agent interfaces:** A table with columns for IP address, DNS name, Connect to, Port, and Default. The DNS name is 'zabbix-agent', Connect to is 'IP - DNS', and Port is '10050'.
- SNMP interfaces:** Add
- JMX interfaces:** Add
- IPMI interfaces:** Add
- Description:** (Empty text area)
- Monitored by proxy:** (no proxy)
- Enabled:**

3. Complete the following fields.

Field	Value
Host name	zabbix-server
Visible name	Zabbix server

4. In the **Agent interfaces** section, perform the following actions:

- Click **DNS**.
- Complete the following fields.

Field	Value
IP address	Clear this field and leave it empty.
DNS name	zabbix-agent
Port	10050

- Click **Update**.
- Stop and restart the MISM console.

3.4. Managing Atos LLD template

3.4.1. Template description

The template allows the following elements on the servers to be monitored:

- Fan, temperature and voltage information in Discovery applications
- Four discovered triggers:
 - Critical high and low triggers, corresponding to Critical Alarm Thresholds for BullSequana Edge servers, that are enabled by default
 - Warning high and low triggers, corresponding to Warning Alarm Thresholds for BullSequana Edge servers, that are disabled by default

3.4.2. Importing the Atos LLD template

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Templates** tab. The **Templates** page opens.

The screenshot displays the Nagios Core 'Templates' page. At the top, there is a search and filter section with a 'Name' input field, a 'Tags' section with 'And/Or' and 'Or' options, and a 'Linked templates' search box. Below this is a table of templates. The table has columns for 'Name', 'Applications', 'Items', 'Triggers', 'Graphs', 'Screens', 'Discovery', and 'Web'. The first few rows of the table are:

Name	Applications	Items	Triggers	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App Apache Tomcat JMX	Applications 5	Items 32	Triggers 5	Graphs 4	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App FTP Service	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App Generic Java JMX	Applications 8	Items 55	Triggers 26	Graphs 11	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App HTTP Service	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App HTTPS Service	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App IMAP Service	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App LDAP Service	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App NNTP Service	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App NTP Service	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App POP Service	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template App Remote Zabbix proxy	Applications 1	Items 32	Triggers 23	Graphs 4	Screens 1	Discovery	Web
Template App Remote Zabbix server	Applications 1	Items 1	Triggers 1	Graphs	Screens	Discovery	Web
Template Net Extreme EXOS SNMPv2	Applications 9	Items 19	Triggers 11	Graphs 1	Screens	Discovery 5	Web

At the bottom of the page, there is a pagination bar showing '1 2' and a message 'Displaying 1 to 50 of 83 found'.

2. On the right-hand side of the screen, click **Import**. The **Import** page opens.

Rules	Update existing	Create new	Delete missing
Groups	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hosts	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Templates	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Template screens	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Template linkage	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Applications	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Items	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Discovery rules	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Triggers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Graphs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Web scenarios	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Screens	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Maps	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Images	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Value mappings	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

3. In **Import file** section, click **Browse** and indicate the path to the template.

Note The templates are delivered in a sub-directory of the MISM installation directory: `\zabbix\server\externalscripts`. They can be copied to any local directory.

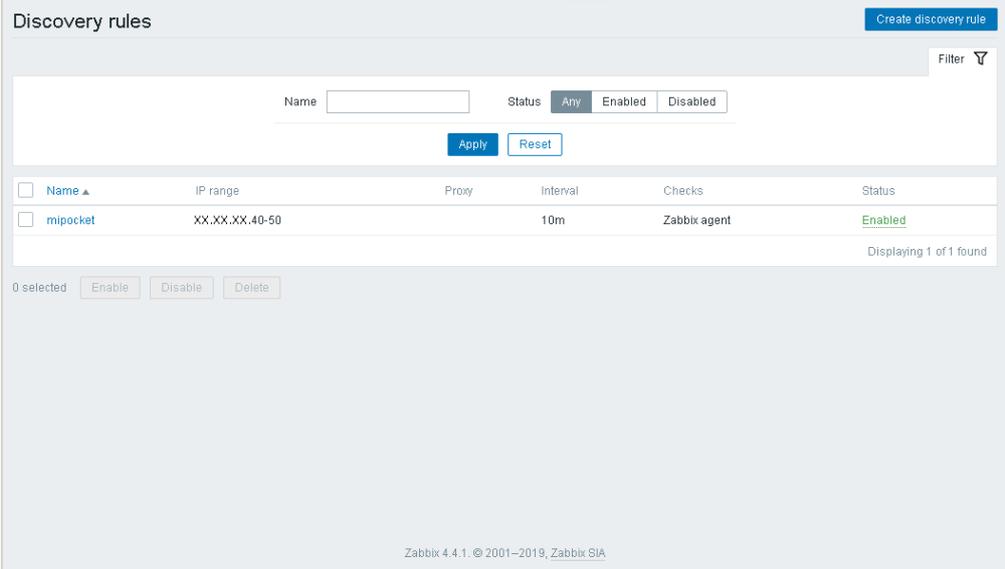
4. Click **Import**.

3.5. Adding resources

3.5.1. Adding hosts with the zabbix discovery service

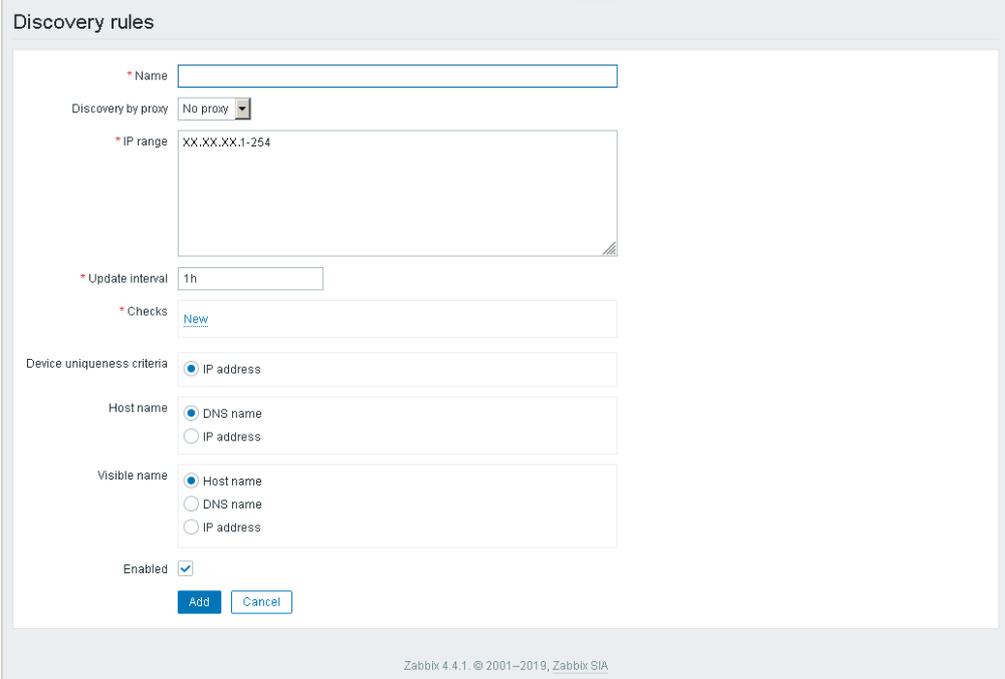
3.5.1.1. Creating a discovery rule

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Discovery** tab. The **Discovery rules** page opens.



The screenshot shows the 'Discovery rules' page in Zabbix. At the top right is a 'Create discovery rule' button. Below it is a search bar with a 'Filter' icon. The main area contains a table with the following columns: Name, IP range, Proxy, Interval, Checks, and Status. One rule is listed: 'mipocket' with IP range 'XX.XX.XX.40-50', Interval '10m', Checks 'Zabbix agent', and Status 'Enabled'. Below the table are buttons for '0 selected', 'Enable', 'Disable', and 'Delete'. The footer shows 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

2. Click **Create discovery rule**. A new page opens.



The screenshot shows the 'Create discovery rule' form. It includes the following fields and options: 'Name' (text input), 'Discovery by proxy' (dropdown menu set to 'No proxy'), 'IP range' (text input with 'XX.XX.XX.1-254'), 'Update interval' (text input with '1h'), 'Checks' (text input with 'New'), 'Device uniqueness criteria' (radio buttons for 'IP address'), 'Host name' (radio buttons for 'DNS name' and 'IP address'), 'Visible name' (radio buttons for 'Host name', 'DNS name', and 'IP address'), and an 'Enabled' checkbox. At the bottom are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons. The footer shows 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

3. Complete the **Name** field.
4. Complete the **IP range** field.
5. Modify the **Update interval** (default value: 1h).

6. In the **Checks** section, perform the following actions:
 - a. Click **New**.
 - b. Select **HTTPS** from the **Check type** drop-down list.
 - c. Click **Add**.
7. Complete the **Host name** section as required.

Example

Discovery rules

* Name

Discovery by proxy

* IP range

* Update interval

* Checks [New](#)

Check type

* Port range

[Add](#) [Cancel](#)

Device uniqueness criteria IP address

Host name DNS name IP address

Visible name Host name DNS name IP address

Enabled

[Add](#) [Cancel](#)

Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA

8. Click **Add** to complete changes.
The discovery rule is created.

Example

Discovery rule created

Discovery rules [Create discovery rule](#)

Name Status

[Apply](#) [Reset](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ▲	IP range	Proxy	Interval	Checks	Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	mipocket	XX.XX.XX.40-50		10m	Zabbix agent	Enabled
<input type="checkbox"/>	MyMipockets	XX.XX.X.1-254		10m	HTTPS	Enabled

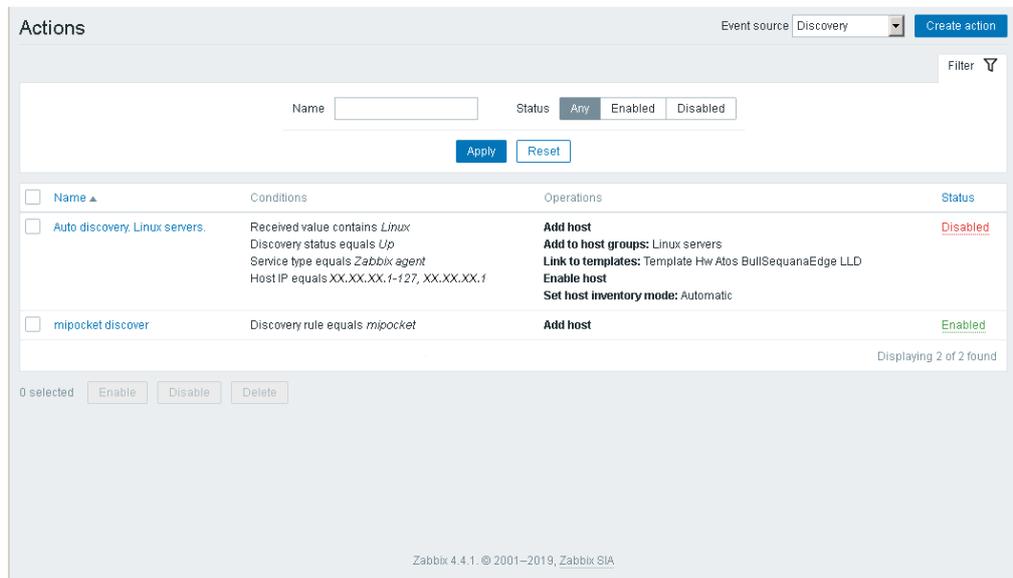
0 selected [Enable](#) [Disable](#) [Delete](#)

Displaying 2 of 2 found

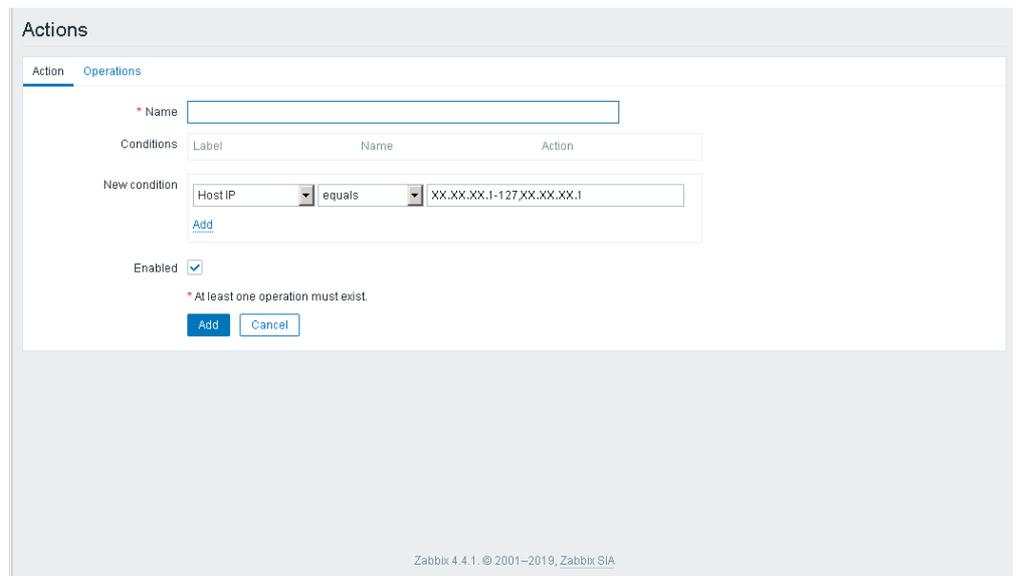
Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA

3.5.1.2. Creating an action linked to the discovery rule

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Actions** tab. The **Actions** page opens.



2. From the **Event source** drop-down list, select **Discovery**.
3. Click the **Create action** button. A new page opens.



4. Complete the **Name** field.

5. Add a new condition.

In the **New condition** section, perform the following actions:

- a. Select **Discovery rule** and **equals** from the drop-down lists.
- b. Click **Select**.
- c. Select the discovery rule previously created.
- d. Click **Add**.

Example

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page in Zabbix. The 'Operations' tab is active. In the 'New condition' section, the 'Discovery rule' dropdown is selected, followed by the 'equals' operator. A search box contains 'MyMipockets' and a 'Select' button is visible. Below this, the 'Enabled' checkbox is checked. At the bottom, there are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons. A note states: '* At least one operation must exist'. The footer indicates 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

4. Configure the operations

1. Click the **Operations** tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page in Zabbix, with the 'Operations' tab active. The 'Default subject' field contains 'Discovery: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.STATUS} {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.IPADDRESS}'. The 'Default message' field contains a list of variables: 'Discovery rule: {DISCOVERYRULE.NAME}', 'Device IP: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.IPADDRESS}', 'Device DNS: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.DNS}', 'Device status: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.STATUS}', 'Device uptime: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.UPTIME}', and 'Device service name: {DISCOVERY.SERVICE.NAME}'. Below this, there is an 'Operations' section with a 'New' button and an 'Add' button. A note states: '* At least one operation must exist'. The footer indicates 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

2. Add the operations.

For each required operation, perform the following steps:

- a. In the **Operations** section, click **New**.
- b. In the **Operation details** section, perform the following actions:
 - i. From the **Operation type** drop-down list, select an operation.
 - ii. Click **Add**.

Example

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page. The 'Operations' section contains a list of operations:

Details	Action
Add host	Edit Remove
Add to host groups: Discovered hosts	Edit Remove
Link to templates: Template Hw Atos BullSequanaEdge LLD	Edit Remove
Enable host	Edit Remove

The 'Operation details' section shows:

- Operation type: Set host inventory mode (dropdown)
- Inventory mode: Manual Automatic
- Buttons: [Add](#) [Cancel](#)

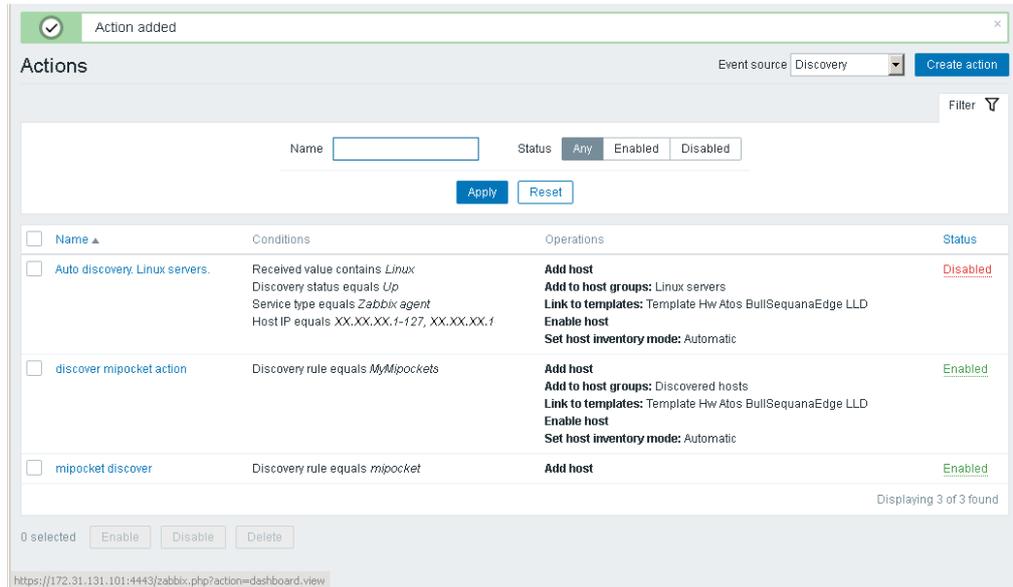
* At least one operation must exist.

Buttons at the bottom: [Update](#) [Clone](#) [Delete](#) [Cancel](#)

Important When the Discovery action has been configured and enabled, it may later be disabled to prevent continuous host discovery and also to allow changes to be made to hosts.

3. Save the action.
Click **Add** to complete changes.

Example

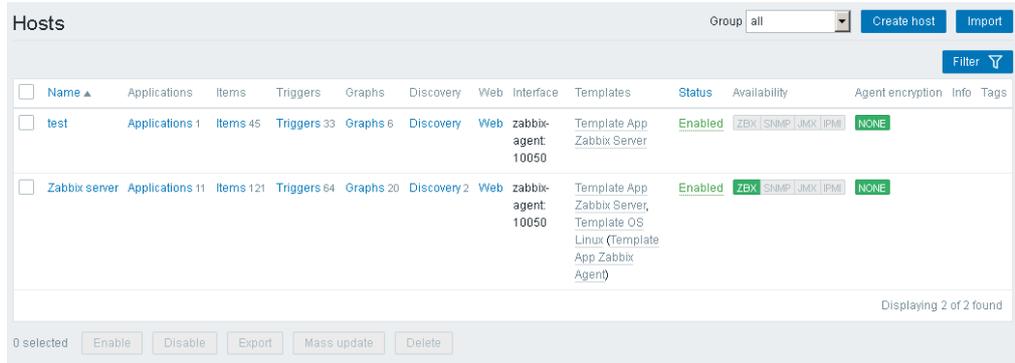


4. Complete the hosts with `{$OPENBMC}`, `{$USER}`, `{$PASSWORD}`.

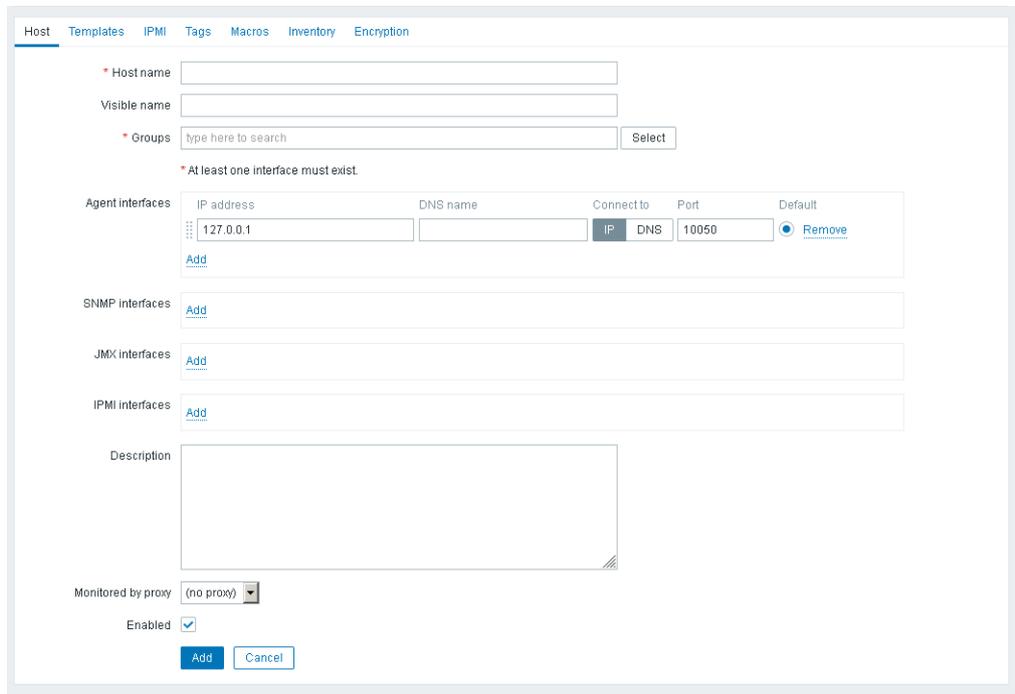
See 3.5.4. Filling Atos template macros

3.5.2. Adding a host manually

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Hosts** tab. The **Hosts** page opens.



2. On the right-hand side of the screen, click **Create host**. The host creation page opens.



3. Complete the **Host name** with the host BMC IP address.
4. In the **Groups** section, click **Select** and select **Zabbix servers**.
5. In the **Agent interfaces** section, perform the following actions:
 - a. Click **DNS**.
 - b. Complete the following fields.

Field	Value
IP address	Clear this field and leave it empty.
DNS name	zabbix-agent
Port	10050

6. Click **Add**.

3.5.3. Linking a host to the Atos LLD template

1. From the **Hosts** page, click on the newly created host. The host details are displayed.

All hosts / test Enabled ZBX | SNMP | JMX | IPMI Applications 1 Items 45 Triggers 33 Graphs 6 Discovery rules Web scenarios

Host Templates IPMI Tags Macros Inventory Encryption

* Host name

Visible name

* Groups
type here to search

* At least one interface must exist.

IP address	DNS name	Connect to	Port	Default
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="zabbix-agent"/>	<input type="radio"/> IP <input checked="" type="radio"/> DNS	<input type="text" value="10050"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Remove

[Add](#)

SNMP interfaces [Add](#)

JMX interfaces [Add](#)

IPMI interfaces [Add](#)

Description

Monitored by proxy

Enabled

2. Click the **Template** tab above the host details. The host Template page opens.

All hosts / test Enabled ZBX | SNMP | JMX | IPMI Applications 1 Items 45 Triggers 33 Graphs 6 Discovery rules Web scenarios

Host Templates IPMI Tags Macros Inventory Encryption

Linked templates

Name	Action
Template App.Zabbix Server	Unlink Unlink and clear

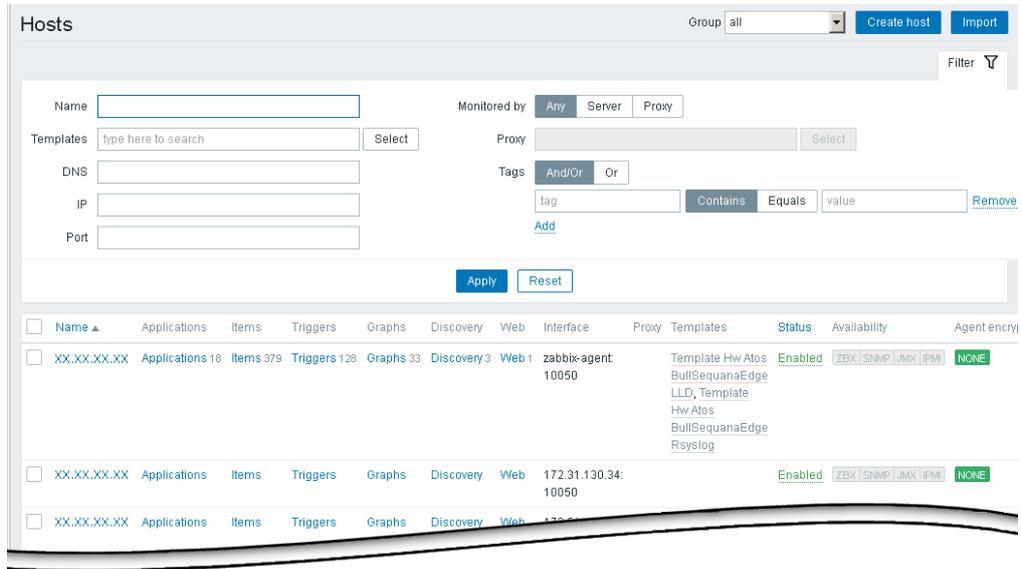
Link new templates

[Add](#)

3. In the **Link new templates** section, click **Select** and select the Atos LLD template.
4. Click **Add**. The Atos LLD template appears in the **Linked templates** section.
5. Click **Update**.

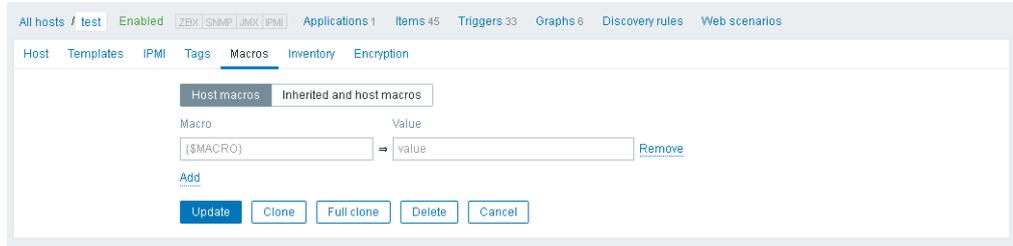
3.5.4. Filling Atos template macros

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Hosts** tab. The **Hosts** page opens.



For each BullSequana Edge host, repeat the steps:

2. Click a host **Name**.
3. Click the **Macros** tab.



4. Add the Password, User and OpenBMC macros.

Macro	Value
{\$PASSWORD}	Host OpenBMC password
{\$USER}	Host OpenBMC username
{\$OPENBMC}	Host BMC address

For each macro:

- a. Complete the **Macro** and **Value** fields.
- b. Click **Add**.

Example

The screenshot shows the Zabbix Hosts configuration interface. The 'Hosts' page is open for host 172.31.130.34, which is enabled. The 'Macros' tab is selected, showing a table of macros. The table has three columns: 'Macro', 'Value', and 'Description'. There are three rows of macros:

Macro	Value	Description
={\$OPENBMC}	XX.XX.XX.XX	description
={\$PASSWORD}	mypassword@atos	description
={\$USER}	root	description

Below the table, there is an 'Add' link and a row of buttons: 'Update', 'Clone', 'Full clone', 'Delete', and 'Cancel'. The footer of the page reads 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

See 3.6. Adding security if an encrypted password is necessary.

5. Click **Update** to complete changes.

3.6. Adding security

3.6.1. Activating PSK security

1. Open a Terminal window.
2. Go the MISM installation directory.
3. Generate an encryption key using the following command:

```
$ generate_psk_key_for_zabbix.sh
```

The `zabbix_agentd.psk` file, containing the key, is generated in the `/etc/zabbix/agent/` directory.

4. Go to the `/etc/zabbix/agent/` directory and open the `zabbix_agentd.conf` file with a text editor.
5. In the `TLS-RELATED PARAMETERS` section of the file, uncomment the following lines:

```
-----  
TLSConnect=psk  
TLSAccept=psk  
TLSPSKIdentity=PSK_Mipocket_Agent  
TLSPSKFile=/etc/zabbix/zabbix_agentd.psk  
-----
```

6. Save and close the file.
7. Stop and restart the MISM console.

3.6.2. Enabling PSK security for a host

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Hosts** tab. The **Hosts** page opens.

Name	Applications	Items	Triggers	Graphs	Discovery	Web	Interface	Templates	Status	Availability	Agent encryption	Info	Tags
<input type="checkbox"/> test	Applications 1	Items 45	Triggers 33	Graphs 6	Discovery	Web	zabbix-agent 10050	Template App Zabbix Server	Enabled	ZBX SNMP JMX IPMI	NONE		
<input type="checkbox"/> Zabbix server	Applications 11	Items 121	Triggers 64	Graphs 20	Discovery 2	Web	zabbix-agent 10050	Template App Zabbix Server, Template OS Linux (Template App Zabbix Agent)	Enabled	ZBX SNMP JMX IPMI	NONE		

0 selected Enable Disable Export Mass update Delete

- Click on the host. The host details are displayed.

The screenshot shows the Zabbix Host configuration page for a host named 'test'. The 'Host' tab is selected, and the configuration includes fields for Host name, Visible name, Groups (Zabbix servers), and Agent interfaces. The 'Encryption' tab is visible but not yet selected.

- Click the **Encryption** tab above the host details. The host Encryption page opens.

The screenshot shows the Zabbix Host Encryption configuration page. The 'Encryption' tab is selected, and the configuration includes options for Connections to host (No encryption, PSK, Certificate) and Connections from host (No encryption, PSK, Certificate).

- In the Connections to host section, click PSK.
- In the Connections from host, select PSK.
- Complete the following fields.

Field	Value
PSK Identity	PSK_Mipocket_Agent
echo PSK	Encryption key from the zabbix_agentd.psk file

- Click **Update**.
- Stop and restart the MISM console.

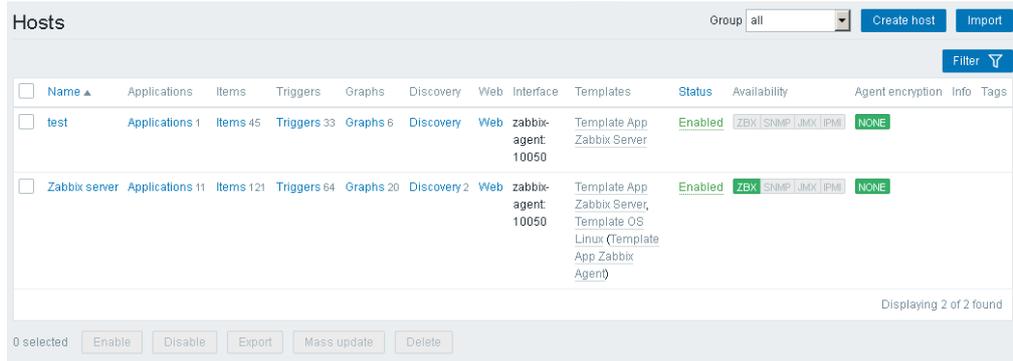
3.6.3. Creating an encrypted password for a host

- Go the MISM installation directory.
- Generate an encrypted password using the following command:

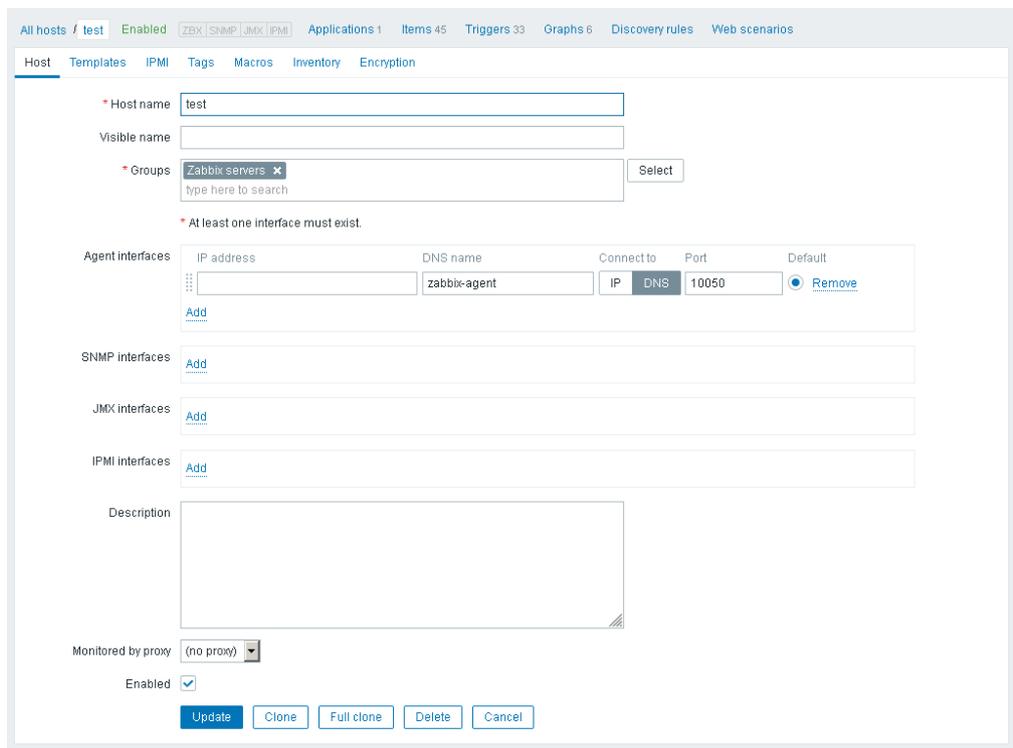
```
$ generate_encrypted_password_for_zabbix.sh --password=<host BMC password>
```

- Copy the encrypted password.

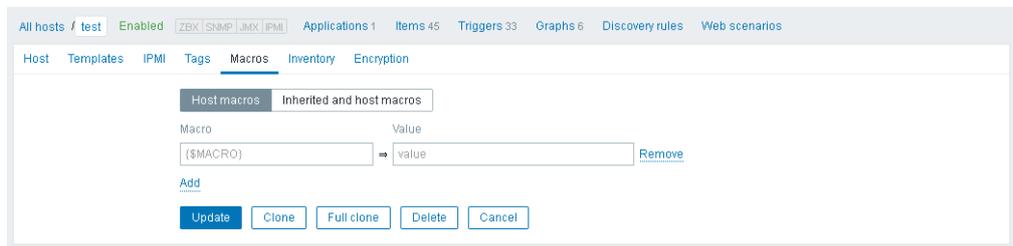
- From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Hosts** tab. The **Hosts** page opens.



- Click the host. The host details are displayed.



- Click the **Macros** tab above the host details. The host Macros page opens.



- Paste the encrypted password in the **Value** field of the **{ \$PASSWORD }** macro.
- Click **Update**.

3.7. Enabling syslog forwarding

3.7.1. Importing the Atos Rsyslog template

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Templates** tab. The **Templates** page opens.

The screenshot shows the 'Templates' page in the Management Console. At the top, there is a 'Group' dropdown set to 'all', and buttons for 'Create template' and 'Import'. Below this is a search area with a 'Name' input field, a 'Tags' section with 'And/Or' and 'Or' options, and a 'Linked templates' search box. A table lists various templates, each with a checkbox and columns for 'Applications', 'Items', 'Triggers', 'Graphs', 'Screens', 'Discovery', and 'Web'. The 'Template App Remote Zabbix server' template is highlighted. At the bottom, there is a pagination control showing '1 2' and a status message 'Displaying 1 to 50 of 83 found'.

2. On the right-hand side of the screen, click **Import**. The **Import** page opens.

The screenshot shows the 'Import' page in the Management Console. At the top, there is a file selection area with a 'Parcourir...' button and a text box containing 'Aucun fichier sélectionné'. Below this is a 'Rules' section with checkboxes for 'Update existing' and 'Create new Delete missing' for various categories like Groups, Hosts, Templates, Template screens, Template linkage, Applications, Items, Discovery rules, Triggers, Graphs, Web scenarios, Screens, Maps, Images, and Value mappings. At the bottom, there are 'Import' and 'Cancel' buttons.

3. In the **Import file** section, click **Browse** and indicate the path to the template.

Note The templates are delivered in a sub-directory of the MISM installation directory: \zabbix\server\externalscripts. They can be copied to any local directory.

4. Click **Import**.

3.7.2. Linking the Zabbix server host to the Atos Rsyslog template

1. From the **Hosts** page, click on Zabbix server host. The host details are displayed.

The screenshot shows the Zabbix web interface for configuring a host. The breadcrumb is 'All hosts / Zabbix server'. The host is 'Enabled' and has 'ZBX', 'SNMP', 'JMX', and 'IPMI' monitoring capabilities. The 'Host' tab is active. The configuration includes: Host name: zabbix-server; Visible name: Zabbix server; Groups: Zabbix servers; Agent interfaces: one interface with IP address, DNS name 'zabbix-agent', Connect to 'IP', Port '10050', and Default 'Remove'; SNMP, JMX, and IPMI interfaces: each with an 'Add' button; Description: empty text area; Monitored by proxy: (no proxy); Enabled: checked. Buttons at the bottom are Update, Clone, Full clone, Delete, and Cancel.

2. Click the **Template** tab above the host details. The host Template page opens.

The screenshot shows the 'Template' tab for the host 'zabbix-server'. It displays 'Linked templates' with a table:

Name	Action
Template App Zabbix Server	Unlink Unlink and clear
Template OS Linux	Unlink Unlink and clear

Below is the 'Link new templates' section with a search input, a 'Select' button, and an 'Add' button. Buttons at the bottom are Update, Clone, Full clone, Delete, and Cancel.

3. In the **Link new templates** section, click **Select** and select the Atos Rsyslog template.
4. Click **Add**. The Atos Rsyslog template appears in the **Linked templates** section.
5. Click **Update**.

3.7.3. Displaying the logs

1. From the **Monitoring** menu, click the Dashboard tab. The last selected dashboard opens.
2. If the displayed dashboard is not the Rsyslog dashboard, click **All dashboards** and click Rsyslog dashboard in the dashboard list.

3.8. Configuring nmap

3.8.1. Creating a nmap discovery rule

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Discovery** tab. The **Discovery rules** page opens.

Name	IP range	Proxy	Interval	Checks	Status
mipocket	XXX.XXX.XX.XX.40-50		10m	Zabbix agent	Enabled

2. Click the **Create Discovery rule** button. A new page opens.

* Name

Discovery by proxy: No proxy

* IP range

* Update interval: 1h

* Checks: [New](#)

Device uniqueness criteria: IP address

Host name: DNS name, IP address

Visible name: Host name, DNS name, IP address

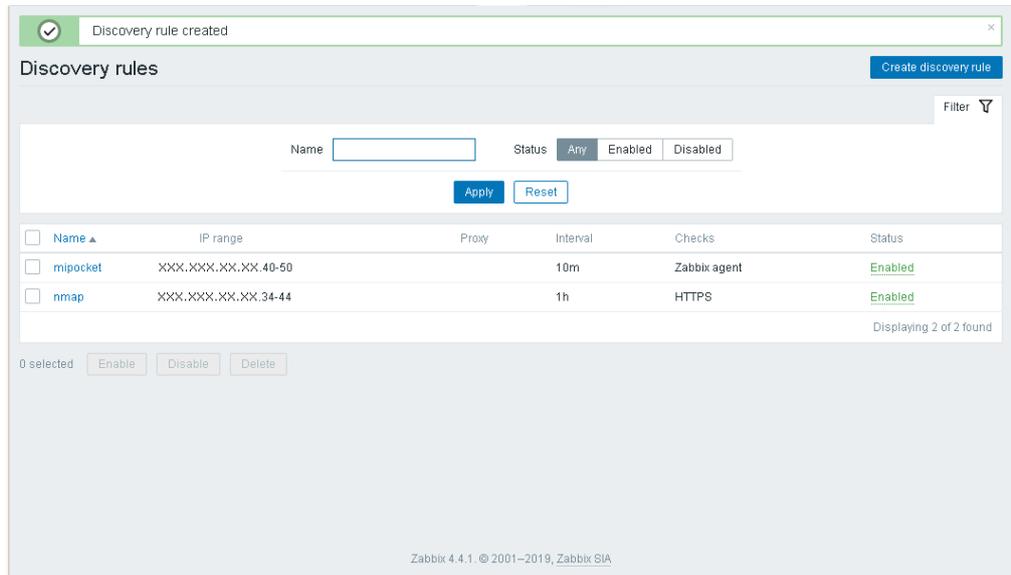
Enabled:

3. Complete the **Name** and **IP range** fields.
4. Configure the check type.

In the **Checks** section, click **New** and perform the following actions:

- a. From the **Check type** drop-down list, select **HTTPS**.
- b. Click **Add**.

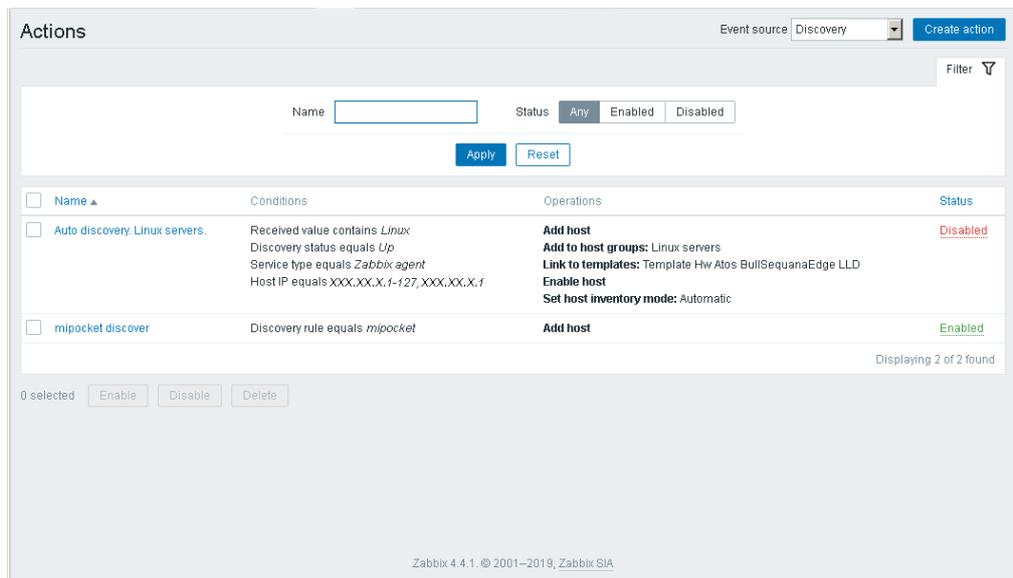
5. Save the discovery rule.
- Click **Add** to complete changes.
- The nmap discovery rule is created.



3.8.2. Creating a nmap action

1. Configure a new action

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Actions** tab. The **Actions** page opens.



2. From the **Event source** drop-down list, select **Discovery**.

3. Click the **Create action** button. A new page opens.

Actions

Action Operations

* Name

Conditions

Label	Name	Action
-------	------	--------

New condition

Discovery rule equals type here to search Select

Add

Enabled

* At least one operation must exist.

Add Cancel

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4. Complete the **Name** field.
5. Add a new condition.

In the **New condition** section, perform the following actions:

- a. Select **Discovery rule** and **equals** from the drop-down lists.
- b. Click **Select**.
- c. Select the nmap discovery rule.
- d. Click **Add**.

2. Configure the operations

1. Click the **Operations** tab.

Actions

Action Operations

Default subject Discovery: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.STATUS} {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.IPADDRESS}

Default message

```
Discovery rule: {DISCOVERYRULE.NAME}
Device IP: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.IPADDRESS}
Device DNS: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.DNS}
Device status: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.STATUS}
Device uptime: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.UPTIME}
Device service name: {DISCOVERY.SERVICE.NAME}
```

Operations

Details	Action
---------	--------

New

* At least one operation must exist.

Add Cancel

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2. Add the **Add host** operation.
 - a. In the **Operations** section, click **New**.
 - b. In the **Operation details** section, perform the following actions:
 - i. From the **Operation type** drop-down list, select **Add host**.
 - ii. Click **Add**.

The **Add host** operation is added.

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page in Zabbix. The 'Operations' tab is active. Under 'Default subject', the text is 'Discovery: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.STATUS} ({DISCOVERY.DEVICE.IPADDRESS})'. Under 'Default message', there is a text area containing: 'Discovery rule: {DISCOVERY.RULE.NAME}', 'Device IP: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.IPADDRESS}', 'Device DNS: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.DNS}', 'Device status: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.STATUS}', 'Device uptime: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.UPTIME}', and 'Device service name: {DISCOVERY.SERVICE.NAME}'. In the 'Operations' section, a table shows one operation: 'Add host' with 'Details' and 'Action' columns. Below the table are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons. A note states '* At least one operation must exist.' The footer reads 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

3. Add the **Add to host group** operation.
 - a. In the **Operations** section, click **New**.
 - b. In the **Operation details** section, perform the following actions:
 - i. From the **Operation type** drop-down list, select **Add to host group**.

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page in Zabbix. The 'Operation details' section is expanded. The 'Operation type' dropdown menu is set to 'Add to host group'. Below it is a search field for 'Host groups' with the placeholder text 'type here to search' and a 'Select' button. 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons are visible. A note states '* At least one operation must exist.' The footer reads 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

- ii. In the **Host groups** field, click **Select**.
- iii. Select **Discovered hosts**.
- iv. Click **Add**.

The **Add to host group** operation is added.

Actions

Action Operations

Default subject: Discovery: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.STATUS} {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.IPADDRESS}

Default message: Discovery rule: {DISCOVERYRULE.NAME}

Device IP: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.IPADDRESS}

Device DNS: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.DNS}

Device status: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.STATUS}

Device uptime: {DISCOVERY.DEVICE.UPTIME}

Device service name: {DISCOVERY.SERVICE.NAME}

Operations

Details	Action
Add host	Edit Remove
Add to host groups: Discovered hosts	Edit Remove
New	

* At least one operation must exist.

[Add](#) [Cancel](#)

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4. Save the action.

From the main page, click **Add** to complete changes.

The nmap discovery action is created.

Actions

Event source: Discovery [Create action](#)

Filter

Name: Status: **Any** Enabled Disabled

[Apply](#) [Reset](#)

<input type="checkbox"/> Name	Conditions	Operations	Status
<input type="checkbox"/> Auto discovery Linux servers	Received value contains Linux Discovery status equals Up Service type equals Zabbix agent Host IP equals XXX.XX.X.1-127,XXX.XX.X.1	Add host Add to host groups: Linux servers Link to templates: Template Hw Atos BullSequanaEdge LLD Enable host Set host inventory mode: Automatic	Disabled
<input type="checkbox"/> mipocket discover	Discovery rule equals mipocket	Add host	Enabled
<input type="checkbox"/> nmap discovery	Discovery rule equals nmap	Add host Add to host groups: Discovered hosts	Enabled

Displaying 3 of 3 found

0 selected [Enable](#) [Disable](#) [Delete](#)

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3. Check the hosts

From the **Configuration** menu, click **Hosts**.

3.9. Setting up email alerts

3.9.1. Configuring an mail server

1. From the **Administration** menu, click the **Media types** tab. The **Media types** page opens.

Media types

Create media type Import

Filter

Name Status **Any** Enabled Disabled

Apply Reset

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Type	Status	Used in actions	Details	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	Email	Email	Enabled		SMTP server: "mail.example.com", SMTP helo: "example.com", SMTP email: "zabbix@example.com"	Test
<input type="checkbox"/>	SMS	SMS	Enabled		GSM modem: "devttyS0"	Test

Displaying 2 of 2 found

0 selected Enable Disable Export Delete

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2. Click **Create media type**. A new page opens.

Media types

Media type Options

* Name

Type **Email**

* SMTP server

SMTP server port

* SMTP helo

* SMTP email

Connection security **None** STARTTLS SSL/TLS

Authentication **None** Username and password

Message format **HTML** Plain text

Description

Enabled

Add Cancel

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3. Complete the **Name** field.
4. Select **Email** from the **Type** drop-down list.

- Complete the **SMTP server**, **SMTP helo** and **SMTP email** fields as required.

Example

The screenshot shows the 'Media types' configuration page in Zabbix. The form is titled 'Media types' and has two tabs: 'Media type' (selected) and 'Options'. The form contains the following fields and options:

- Name:** MyEmail
- Type:** Email (dropdown menu)
- SMTP server:** XXX.XX.X.XX
- SMTP server port:** 25
- SMTP helo:** atos.net
- SMTP email:** XX.XX@atos.net
- Connection security:** None, STARTTLS, SSL/TLS (radio buttons)
- Authentication:** None, Username and password (radio buttons)
- Message format:** HTML, Plain text (radio buttons)
- Description:** (empty text area)
- Enabled:**

At the bottom of the form are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons. The footer of the page reads 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

- Click **Add** to complete changes.
The media type is created.

Example

The screenshot shows the 'Media types' list page in Zabbix. At the top, there is a notification 'Media type added' with a green checkmark. The page has a 'Create media type' and 'Import' button. Below the buttons is a search and filter section with a 'Name' input field, a 'Status' dropdown menu (set to 'Any'), and 'Apply' and 'Reset' buttons. The main content is a table with the following data:

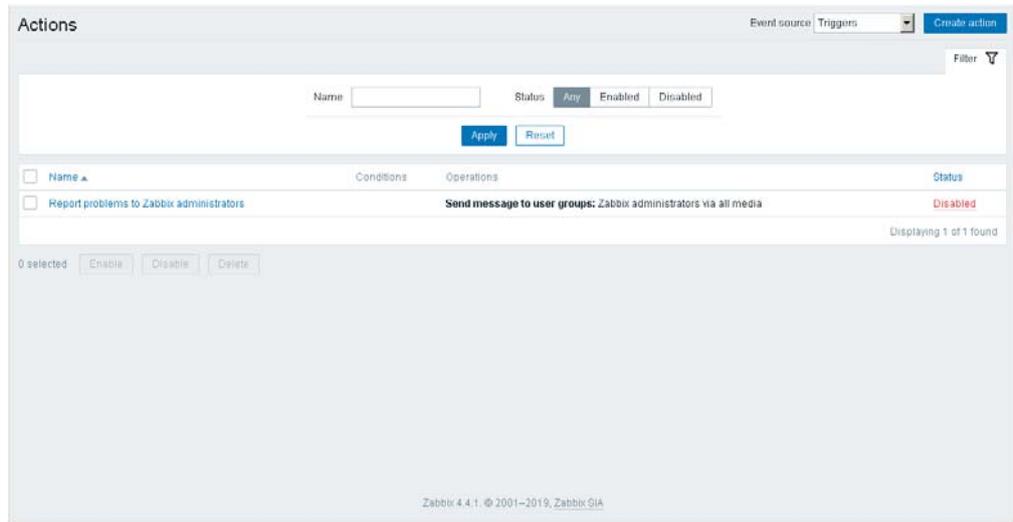
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Type	Status	Used in actions	Details	Action
<input type="checkbox"/>	Email	Email	Enabled		SMTP server: "mail.example.com", SMTP helo: "example.com", SMTP email: "zabbix@example.com"	Test
<input type="checkbox"/>	MyEmail	Email	Enabled		SMTP server: "XXX.XX.X.XX", SMTP helo: "atos.net", SMTP email: "XX.XX@atos.net"	Test
<input type="checkbox"/>	SMS	SMS	Enabled		GSM modem: "udevtyS0"	Test

At the bottom of the table, it says 'Displaying 3 of 3 found'. Below the table are buttons for '0 selected', 'Enable', 'Disable', 'Export', and 'Delete'. The footer of the page reads 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

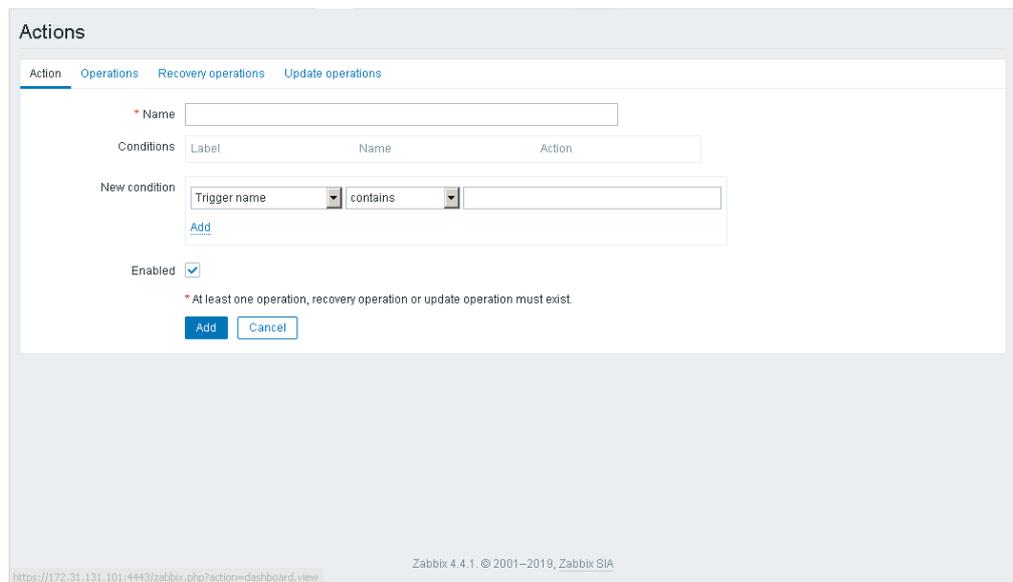
- Click **Test** to send a test email.

3.9.2. Creating an action

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Actions** tab. The **Actions** page opens.



2. From the **Event source** drop-down list, select **Triggers**.
3. Click the **Create action** button. A new page opens.



4. Complete the **Name** field.

5. Click the **Operations** tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page in Zabbix, with the 'Operations' tab selected. The page includes the following elements:

- Navigation tabs: Action, **Operations**, Recovery operations, Update operations.
- Default operation step duration: 1h
- Default subject: Problem: {EVENT.NAME}
- Default message: Problem started at {EVENT.TIME} on {EVENT.DATE}
Problem name: {EVENT.NAME}
Host: {HOST.NAME}
Severity: {EVENT.SEVERITY}
Original problem ID: {EVENT.ID}
{TRIGGER.URL}
- Pause operations for suppressed problems:
- Operations table with columns: Steps, Details, Start in, Duration, Action. A 'New' link is visible under the 'Steps' column.
- Validation message: * At least one operation, recovery operation or update operation must exist.
- Buttons: Add, Cancel.
- Footer: Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA

6. In the **Operations** section, click **New**.

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page in Zabbix, with the 'Operations' tab selected. The 'New' operation details are expanded, showing the following configuration:

- Steps: 1 - 1 (0 - infinitely)
- Step duration: 0 (0 - use action default)
- Operation type: Send message
- Validation message: * At least one user or user group must be selected.
- Send to User groups: User group, Add, Action
- Send to Users: User, Add, Action
- Send only to: - All -
- Default message:
- Conditions: Label, Name, Action, New
- Buttons: Add, Cancel.
- Validation message: * At least one operation, recovery operation or update operation must exist.
- Footer: Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA

7. In the **Operation details** section, perform the following actions:
 - a. Add the message recipient

If the recipient is a user:

 - i. In the **Send to Users** section, click **Add**.
 - ii. Select the user required.

If the recipient is a user group:

 - i. In the **Send to User groups** section, click **Add**.
 - ii. Select the user group required.
 - b. From the **Send only to** drop-down list, select the media type previously created.
 - c. Click **Add**.

Example

8. Save the action.

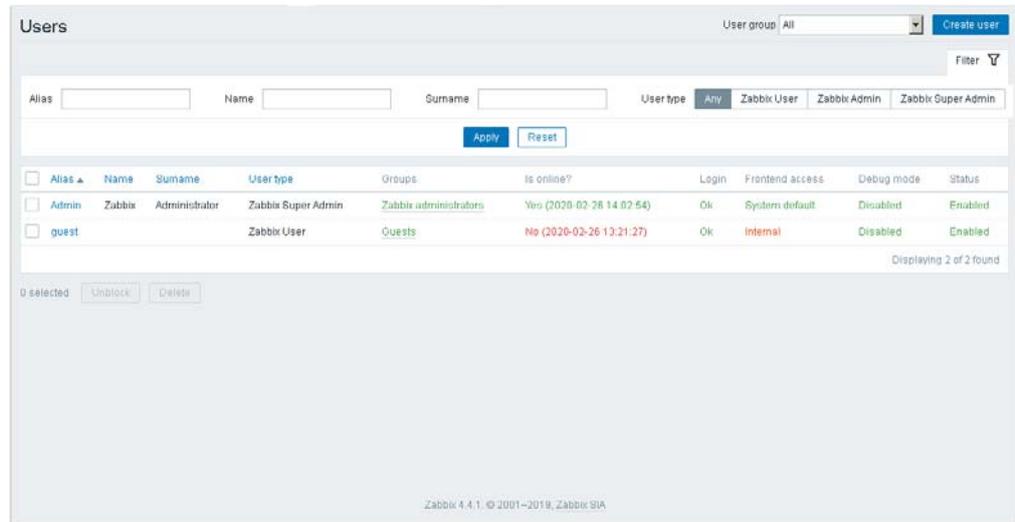
Click **Add** to complete changes.

The action is created.

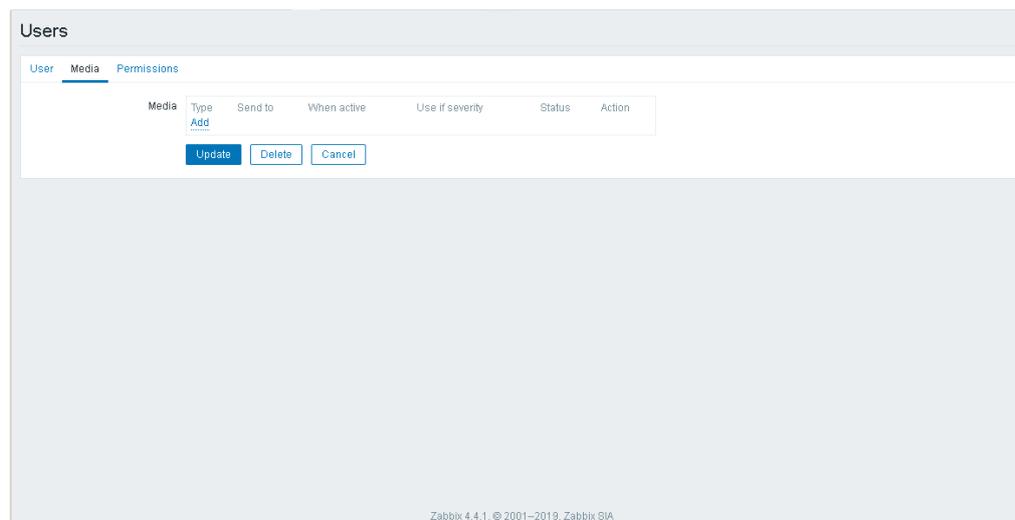
Example

3.9.3. Configuring the user

1. From the **Administration** menu, click the **Users** tab. The **Users** page opens.

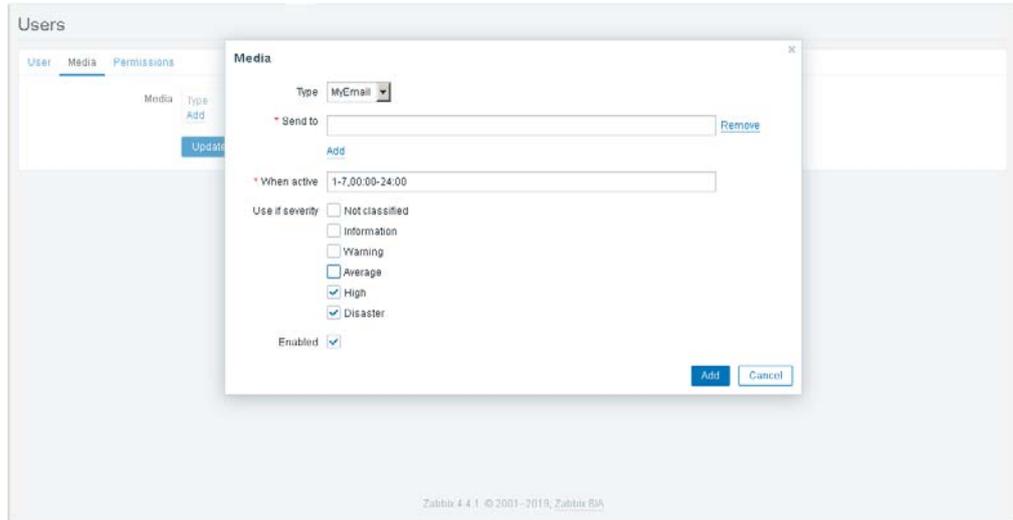


2. Select the user required. A new page opens.
3. Click the **Media** tab.



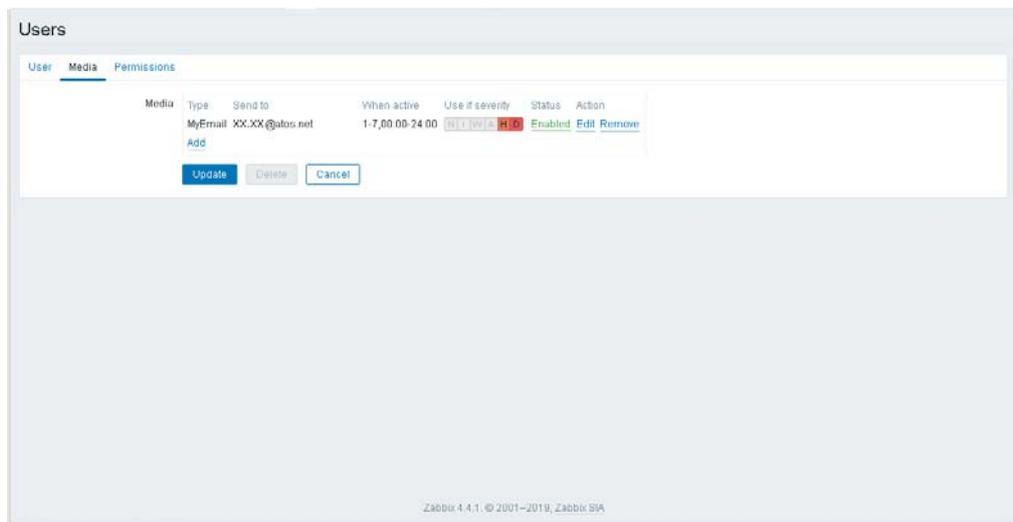
- In the **Media** section, click **Add**. The **Media** page opens.

Example



- From the **Type** drop-down list, select the media type previously created.
- Complete the fields as required.
- Click **Add**.

Example



- Click **Update** to complete changes.

3.10. Setting up SMS alerts

This procedure uses the `zabbix-smsmode` script. It allows a SMS to be sent via the `smsmode` provider.

Note The `zabbix-smsmode` script is delivered in a sub-directory of the MISM installation directory: `\zabbix\server>alertscripts`.

Prerequisites

`Zabbix-smsmode` script is available.

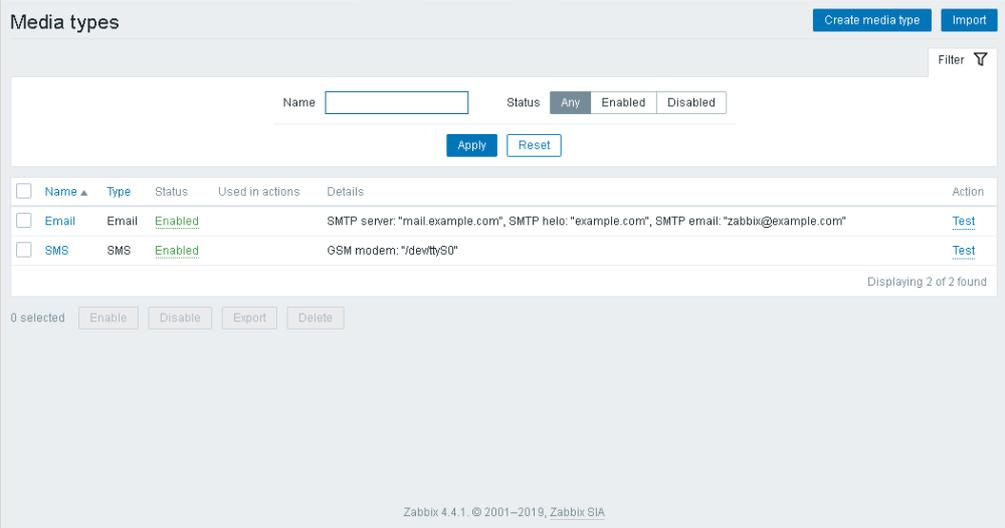
<https://www.smsmode.com/en/> is accessible by the server.

An access key has been created.

See The `smsmode` site to generate an access key:
<https://ui.smsmode.com/>.

3.10.1. Configuring the SMS

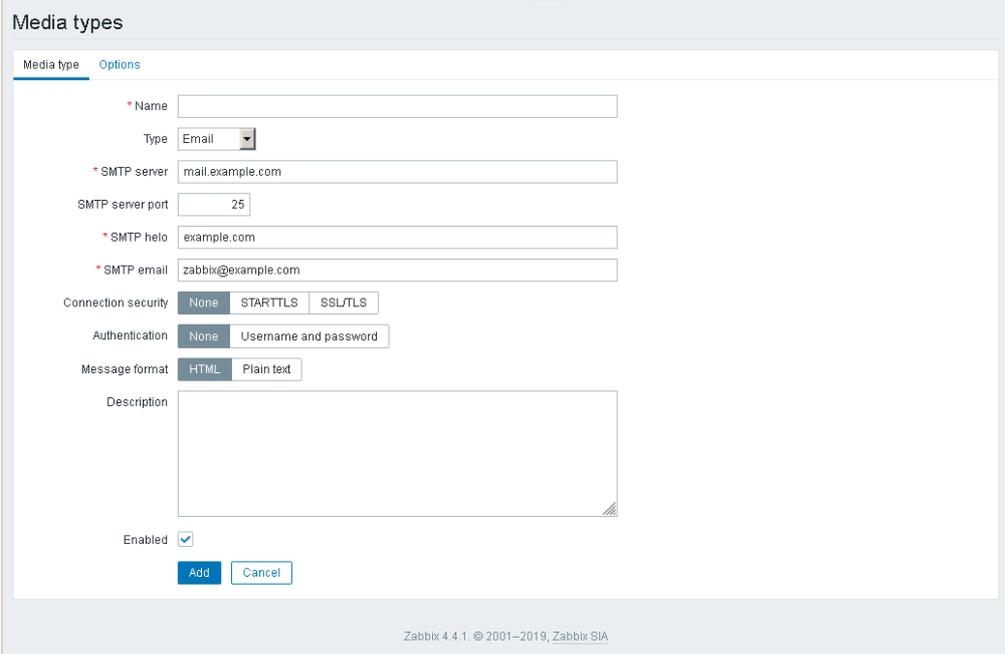
1. From the **Administration** menu, click the **Media types** tab. The **Media types** page opens.



The screenshot shows the 'Media types' configuration page in Zabbix. At the top right, there are buttons for 'Create media type' and 'Import'. Below these is a search bar with a 'Filter' icon. The main area contains a table with columns: Name, Type, Status, Used in actions, Details, and Action. Two media types are listed: 'Email' and 'SMS', both with a status of 'Enabled'. The 'Email' row shows details for SMTP server, helo, and email. The 'SMS' row shows details for GSM modem. At the bottom of the table, there are buttons for 'Apply' and 'Reset'. Below the table, there are buttons for 'Enable', 'Disable', 'Export', and 'Delete'. The footer of the page reads 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

Name	Type	Status	Used in actions	Details	Action
Email	Email	Enabled		SMTP server: "mail.example.com", SMTP helo: "example.com", SMTP email: "zabbix@example.com"	Test
SMS	SMS	Enabled		GSM modem: "/dev/ttyS0"	Test

2. Click **Create media type**. A new page opens.



The screenshot shows the 'Media types' configuration page in Zabbix. The page has two tabs: 'Media type' (selected) and 'Options'. The form contains the following fields and options:

- Name**: A required text input field.
- Type**: A dropdown menu currently set to 'Email'.
- SMTP server**: A text input field containing 'mail.example.com'.
- SMTP server port**: A text input field containing '25'.
- SMTP helo**: A text input field containing 'example.com'.
- SMTP email**: A text input field containing 'zabbix@example.com'.
- Connection security**: Radio buttons for 'None', 'STARTTLS', and 'SSL/TLS'.
- Authentication**: Radio buttons for 'None' and 'Username and password'.
- Message format**: Radio buttons for 'HTML' and 'Plain text'.
- Description**: A large text area for notes.
- Enabled**: A checked checkbox.

At the bottom of the form are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons. The footer of the page reads 'Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA'.

3. Complete the **Name** field.
4. Select **Script** from the **Type** drop-down list.
5. Enter **zabbix-smsmode** in the **Script name** field.

6. In the **Script parameters** section, add the following settings.

Parameter	Value
--message	{ALERT.SUBJECT} - {ALERT.MESSAGE}
--to	{ALERT.SENDTO}
--accessToken	Access key generated by smsmode

Example

7. Click **Add** to complete changes.

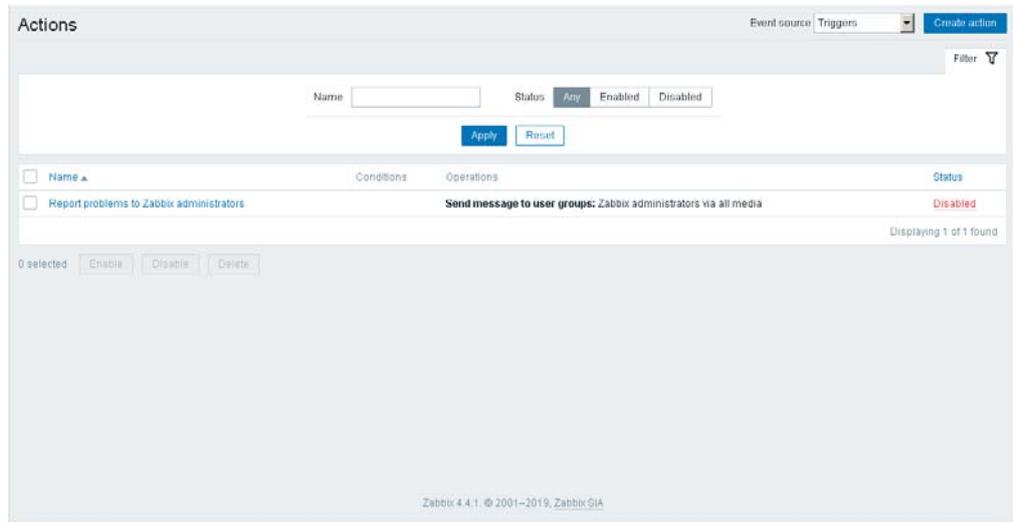
The media type is created.

Example

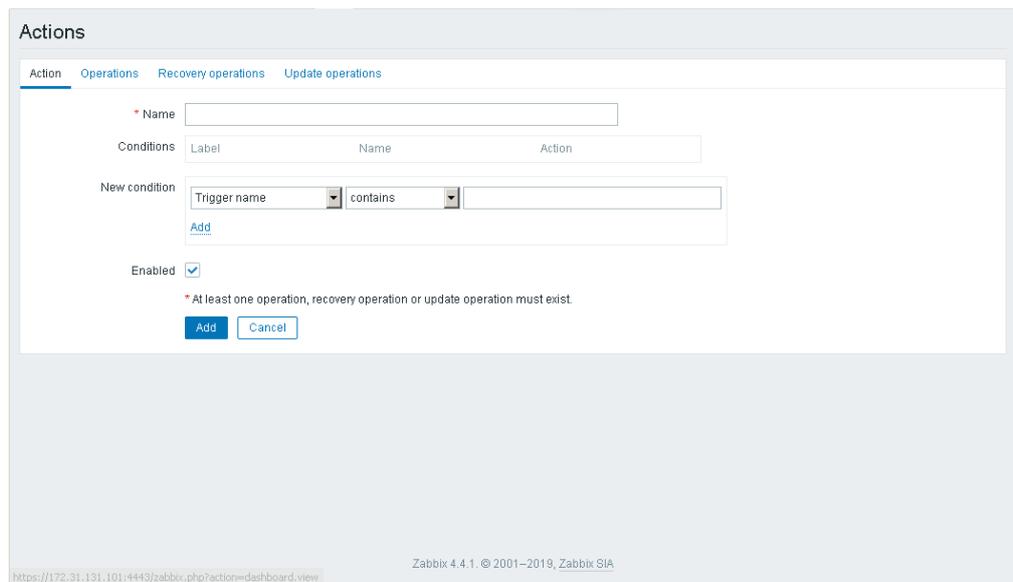
8. Click **Test** to send a test SMS.

3.10.2. Creating an action

1. From the **Configuration** menu, click the **Actions** tab. The **Actions** page opens.



2. From the **Event source** drop-down list, select **Triggers**.
3. Click the **Create action** button. A new page opens.



4. Complete the **Name** field.

5. Click the **Operations** tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page in Zabbix, with the 'Operations' tab selected. The page includes the following elements:

- Navigation tabs: Action, **Operations**, Recovery operations, Update operations.
- Default operation step duration: 1h.
- Default subject: Problem: {EVENT.NAME}
- Default message: Problem started at {EVENT.TIME} on {EVENT.DATE}
Problem name: {EVENT.NAME}
Host: {HOST.NAME}
Severity: {EVENT.SEVERITY}
Original problem ID: {EVENT.ID}
{TRIGGER.URL}
- Pause operations for suppressed problems:
- Operations table with columns: Steps, Details, Start in, Duration, Action. A 'New' link is visible under the 'Steps' column.
- Validation message: * At least one operation, recovery operation or update operation must exist.
- Buttons: Add, Cancel.
- Footer: Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA

6. In the **Operations** section, click **New**.

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration page in Zabbix, with the 'Operations' tab selected. The 'New' operation details are expanded, showing the following configuration:

- Steps: 1 - 1 (0 - infinitely)
- Step duration: 0 (0 - use action default)
- Operation type: Send message
- Validation message: * At least one user or user group must be selected.
- Send to User groups: User group, Add, Action
- Send to Users: User, Add, Action
- Send only to: - All -
- Default message:
- Conditions: Label, Name, Action, New
- Buttons: Add, Cancel.
- Validation message: * At least one operation, recovery operation or update operation must exist.
- Footer: Zabbix 4.4.1. © 2001–2019, Zabbix SIA

7. In the **Operation details** section, perform the following actions:
 - a. Add the message recipient

If the recipient is a user:

 - i. In the **Send to Users** section, click **Add**.
 - ii. Select the user required.

If the recipient is a user group:

 - i. In the **Send to User groups** section, click **Add**.
 - ii. Select the user group required.
 - b. From the **Send only to** drop-down list, select the media type previously created.
 - c. Click **Add**.

Example

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' configuration interface in Zabbix. The 'Operations' tab is active. The configuration includes:

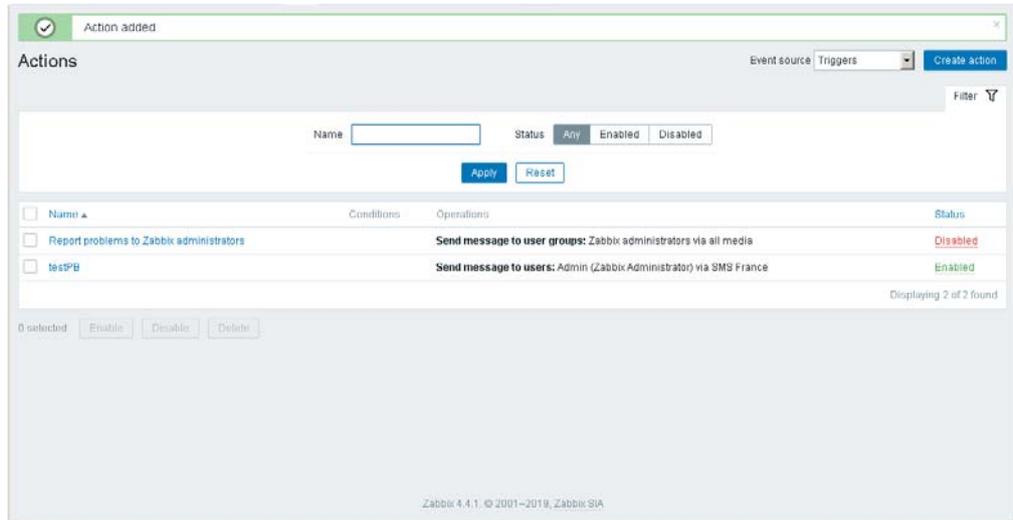
- Default operation step duration:** 1h
- Default subject:** Problem: {EVENT.NAME}
- Default message:** Problem started at {EVENT.TIME} on {EVENT.DATE}
Problem name: {EVENT.NAME}
Host: {HOST.NAME}
Severity: {EVENT.SEVERITY}
Original problem ID: {EVENT.ID}
{TRIGGER.URL}
- Pause operations for suppressed problems:**
- Operations table:**

Steps	Details	Start in	Duration	Action
1	Send message to users: Admin (Zabbix Administrator) via SMS France	Immediately	Default	Edit Remove

At the bottom, there is a note: '* At least one operation, recovery operation or update operation must exist.' and buttons for 'Add' and 'Cancel'. The footer reads 'Zabbix 4.4.1 © 2001-2019, Zabbix SIA'.

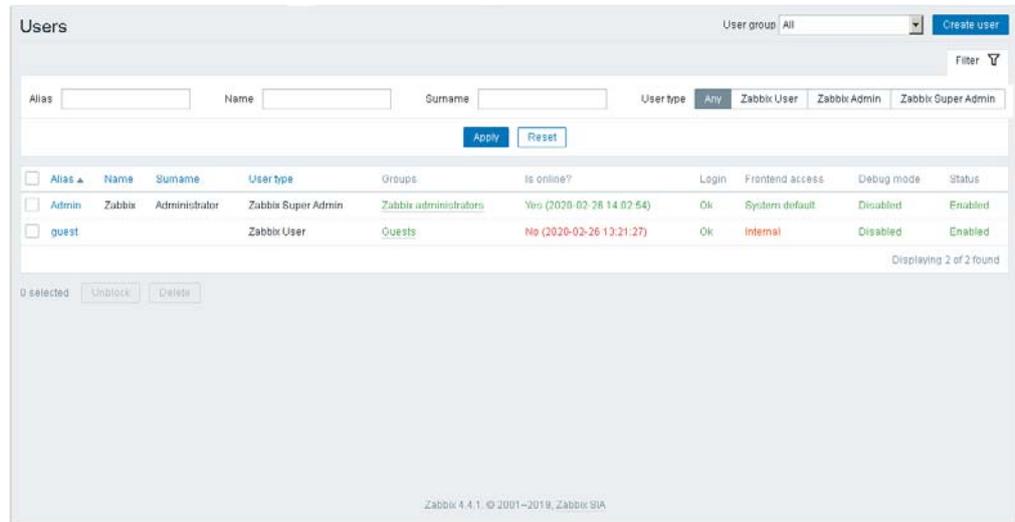
8. Save the action.
Click **Add** to complete changes.
The action is created.

Example

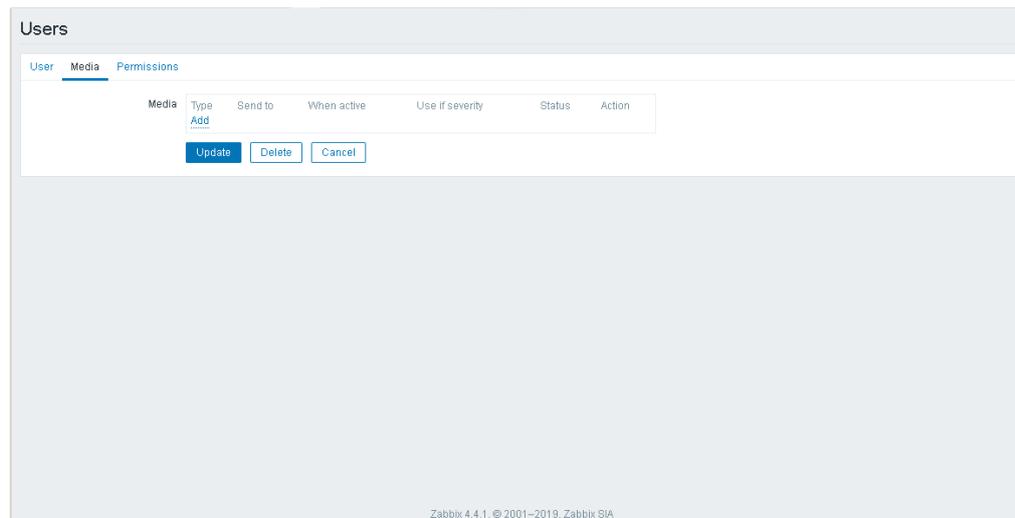


3.10.3. Configuring the user

1. From the **Administration** menu, click the **Users** tab. The **Users** page opens.

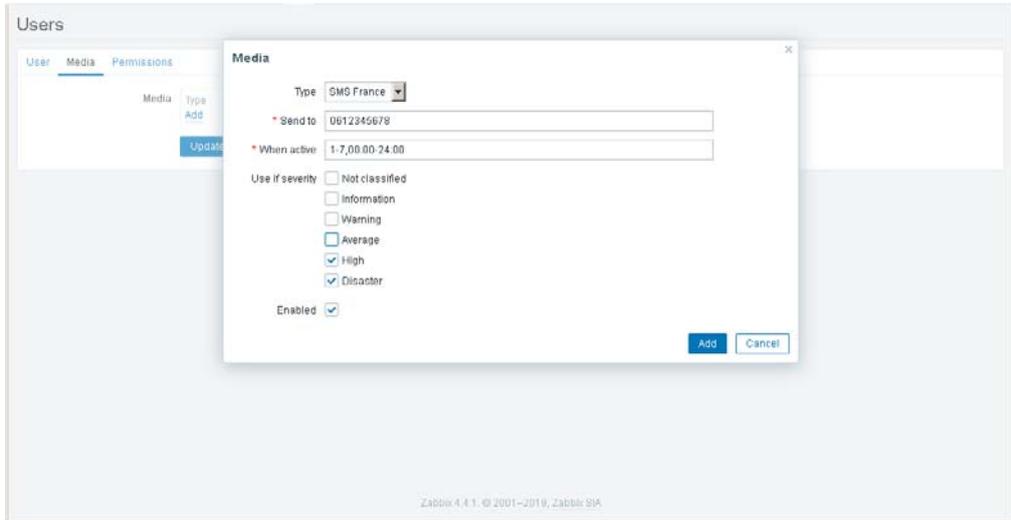


2. Select the user required. A new page opens.
3. Click the **Media** tab.



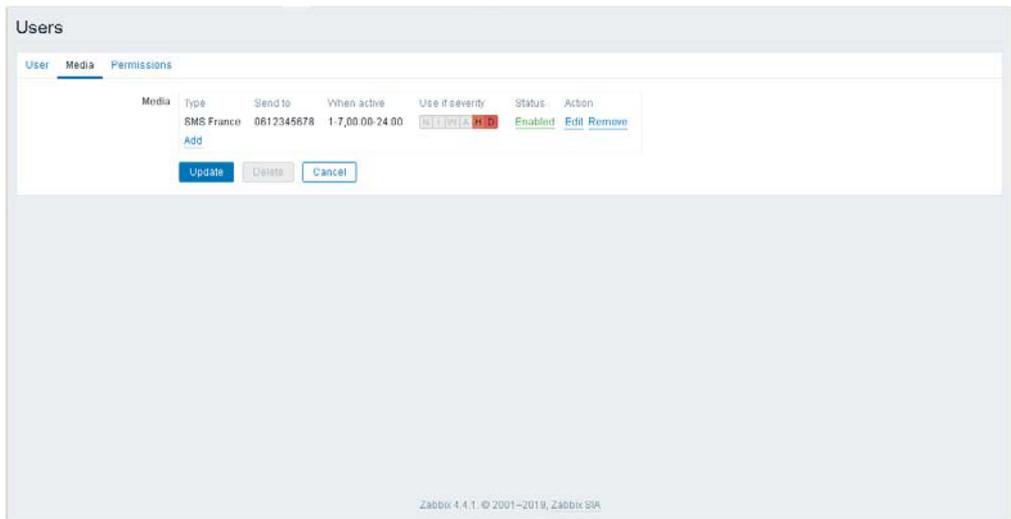
4. In the **Media** section, click **Add**. The **Media** page opens.

Example



- a. From the **Type** drop-down list, select the media type previously created.
- b. Complete the fields as required.
- c. Click **Add**.

Example



5. Click **Update** to complete changes.

3.11. Monitoring resources

See Zabbix documentation for more information:
https://www.zabbix.com/documentation/4.4/manual/web_interface/frontend_sections/monitoring

Click the **Monitoring** menu to display the information.

3.11.1. Dashboard

Click the **Dashboard** tab to display summaries of all the important information.

A dashboard consists of widgets and each widget is designed to display information of a certain kind and source, which can be a summary, a map, a graph, the clock, etc.

Widgets are added and edited in the dashboard editing mode. Widgets are viewed in the dashboard viewing mode.

While in a single dashboard you can group widgets from various sources for a quick overview, it is also possible to create several dashboards containing different sets of overviews and switch between them.

The time period that is displayed in graph widgets is controlled by the time period section located above the widgets. The time period selector label, located to the right, displays the currently selected time period. Clicking the tab label expands and collapses the time period selector.

Note that when the dashboard is displayed in kiosk mode (accessible from the full screen mode) and widgets only are displayed, it is possible to zoom out the graph period by double clicking in the graph.

Host menu

Click a host in the **Problems** widget to bring up the host menu. It includes links to inventory, latest data, problems, graphs and screens for the host.

3.11.2. Problems

Click the **Problems** tab to display current problems. Problems are triggers that are in the Problem state.

Host menu

Click a host in the **Problems** section to bring up the host menu. It includes links to inventory, latest data, problems, graphs and screens for the host.

3.11.3. Overview

Click the **Overview** tab to display an overview of trigger states or a comparison of data for various hosts at once.

Host menu

Click a host in the **Overview** section (**Hosts: left**) to bring up the host menu. It includes links to inventory, latest data, problems, graphs and screens for the host.

3.11.4. Web

Click the **Web** tab to display current information about web scenarios.

3.11.5. Latest data

Click the **Latest data** tab to view the latest values gathered by items as well as to access various graphs for the items.

Host menu

Click a host in the **Latest data** section to bring up the host menu. It includes links to inventory, latest data, problems, graphs and screens for the host.

3.11.6. Graphs

Click the **Graphs** tab to display any custom graph that has been configured.

3.11.7. Screens

Click the **Screens** tab to configure, manage and view Zabbix global screens and slide shows.

Host menu

Click a host in the **Screens** section (in **Host issues** and **Host group issues** widgets) to bring up the host menu. It includes links to inventory, latest data, problems, graphs and screens for the host.

3.11.8. Maps

Click the **Maps** tab to configure, manage and view network maps.

Host menu

Click a host in the **Maps** section to bring up the host menu. It includes links to inventory, latest data, problems, graphs and screens for the host.

3.11.9. Discovery

Click the **Discovery** tab to review results of network discovery. Discovered devices are sorted by the discovery rule.

3.11.10. Services

Click the **Services** to review the status of IT infrastructure or business services.

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