

Security Bulletin

Major Vulnerabilities in Supermicro BMCs

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CVE-2023-40284, CVE-2023-40285, CVE-2023-40286, CVE-2023-40287, CVE-2023-40288, CVE-2023-40289,

CVE-2023-40290 CVE-2024-36435

TLP:CLEAR

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List of changes

| Version | Date | Description |
|---------|------------|--|
| 0.1 | 2024/02/02 | Initial Neutralization version |
| 0.2 | 2024/07/11 | CVE-2024-36435 added to bulletin, title changed. |
| 0.3 | 2024/10/03 | Minor changes (waiting for TS), BRLY-2024-023 added to bulletin. Reference added |
| 0.4 | 2025/02/03 | Changed status for Unpatched |
| 0.5 | 2025/07/03 | TLP changed for CLEAR |

Executive summary

Researchers from security firm Binarly disclosed seven high-severity vulnerabilities in the IPMI (Intelligent Platform Management Interface) firmware for older Supermicro Baseboard Management controllers (BMCs). According to Supermicro the vulnerabilities affect "select X11, H11, B11, CMM, M11, and H12 motherboards." Supermicro said it's unaware of any malicious exploitation of the vulnerabilities in the wild.

The bulletin also contains vulnerabilities for which: A web server in the Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) baseboard management controller (BMC) implementation on Supermicro X11 and M11 based devices, with firmware versions up to 3.17.02, allows remote unauthenticated users to perform directory traversal, potentially disclosing sensitive information.

Supermicro reported potential vulnerability in Supermicro BMC may come from a buffer overflow in the "GetValue" function of the firmware that is caused by a lack of checking the input value. An unauthenticated user can post specially crafted data to the interface, which will trigger a stack buffer overflow and may lead to arbitrary remote code execution on a BMC. - CVE-2024-36435

Eviden is liaising closely with its suppliers and investigating the exact nature of these vulnerabilities to provide validated remediation.

Vulnerability Info

| CVE No. | CVSS Score | Type of Vulnerability |
|----------------|------------|--|
| CVE-2023-40289 | 7.2 | CWE-78: Improper Neutralization of Special |
| | | Elements used in an OS Command |
| | | AV:N/AC:L/PR:H/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| CVE-2023-40284 | 8.3 | CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input |
| | | During Web Page Generation |
| | | AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| CVE-2023-40287 | 8.3 | CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input |
| | | During Web Page Generation |

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| | | AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H |
|----------------------|-----|---|
| CVE-2023-40288 | 8.3 | CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input |
| <u> </u> | 0.0 | During Web Page Generation |
| | | AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| CVE-2023-40290 | 8.3 | CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input |
| | | During Web Page Generation |
| | | AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| | | AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| CVE-2023-40285 | 8.3 | CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input |
| | | During Web Page Generation |
| | | AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| CVE-2023-40286 | 8.3 | CWE-79: Improper Neutralization of Input |
| | | During Web Page Generation |
| | | AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| CVE-2023-33411 | 7.5 | CWE-22: Improper Limitation of a |
| | | Pathname to a Restricted Directory ('Path |
| | | Traversal') |
| | | AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N |
| CVE-2023-33412 | 8.8 | Insufficient Information |
| | | AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| CVE-2023-33413 | 8.8 | CWE-798: Use of Hard-coded Credentials |
| | | AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| CVE-2024-36435 | 9.8 | CWE-121 Stack-based Buffer Overflow |
| | | AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H |
| <u>brly-2024-023</u> | 9.1 | TBD |
| | | |

CVE-2023-40289

An attacker needs to be logged into BMC with administrator privileges to exploit the vulnerability. An unvalidated input value could allow the attacker to perform command injection.

CVE-2023-40284, CVE-2023-40287, CVE-2023-40288

An attacker could send a phishing link that does not require login, tricking BMC administrators to click on that link while they are still logged in and thus authenticated by BMC Web UI.

CVE-2023-40290

An attacker could send a phishing link that does not require login, tricking BMC administrators to click on that link while they are still logged in and thus authenticated by BMC Web UI. This vulnerability can only be exploited using Windows IE11 browser.

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CVE-2023-40285

An attacker could send a phishing link that does not require login, tricking BMC administrators to click on that link while they are still logged in and thus authenticated by BMC Web UI. The attacker poisons the administrator's browser cookies to create a new user.

CVE-2023-40286

An attacker could send a phishing link that does not require login, tricking BMC administrators to click on that link while they are still logged in and thus authenticated by BMC Web UI. The attacker poisons the administrator's browser cookies and local storage to create a new user.

CVE-2023-33411

IPMI BMC SSDP/UPnP web server directory traversal and iKVM access allowing the rebooting of the host

CVE-2023-33412

IPMI BMC administrative web interface virtual floppy/USB remote command execution

CVE-2023-33413

IPMI BMC devices use hardcoded configuration file encryption keys, allowing the attacker to craft and upload a malicious configuration file packages to gain remote command execution

CVE-2024-36435

This potential vulnerability in Supermicro BMC may come from a buffer overflow in the "GetValue" function of the firmware that is caused by a lack of checking the input value. An unauthenticated user can post specially crafted data to the interface, which will trigger a stack buffer overflow and may lead to arbitrary remote code execution on a BMC.

BRI Y-2024-023

The BINARLY team has discovered that multiple Supermicro servers use an insecure RSA signing key (RDI BMC Test Key - DO NOT TRUST) to implement the BMC Root of Trust security feature. The use of test keys poses a critical severity risk by making it trivial for remote attackers with administrative privileges to the BMC system to perform a malicious BMC firmware update and defeat U-Boot verified boot on affected devices. This results in a persistent compromise of both the BMC system and the main server operating system.

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Affected products

| Products | Fixed version | Status | Comments |
|----------------------|------------------|----------|----------|
| Bull Sequana X400-E5 | Unpatched | Affected | |
| Bull Sequana X500-E5 | Unpatched | Affected | |
| Bullx R400-E4 | Unpatched | Affected | |

Although Eviden makes effort to provide accurate and complete information, Eviden shall not be liable if the above table is incomplete or erroneous. During its vulnerability analysis process, the information in this document is subject to change without notice to reflect new results of this analysis.

The tables below provide the Technical State to apply to implement the fixes on Eviden products.

Note: The first row provides the current recommended combination of firmware. The detail per vulnerability is given below.

TS (technical state) with no number indicates that a new technical state fixing the vulnerabilities is scheduled.

TBD (to be defined) indicates that a new technical state fixing the vulnerabilities is under study.

Unpatched means that the vulnerability is presumably present, but there is no plan to provide a fix. This can be investigated on demand.

List of HPC products

| CVE | CVSS Score | Bull Sequana X400-E5 | Bull Sequana X500-E5 | Bullx R400-E4 |
|----------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Recommended | | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-40289 | 7.2 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-40284 | 8.3 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-40287 | 8.3 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-40288 | 8.3 | TBD | TBD | TBD |

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| CVE | CVSS Score | Bull Sequana X400-E5 | Bull Sequana X500-E5 | Bullx R400-E4 |
|----------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| CVE-2023-40290 | 8.3 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-40285 | 8.3 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-40286 | 8.3 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-33411 | 7.5 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-33412 | 8.8 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2023-33413 | 8.8 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| CVE-2024-36435 | 9.8 | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| BRLY-2024-023 | 9.1 | TBD | TBD | TBD |

Recommendations

Eviden recommends applying its Technical States upgrade on its servers as soon as they are made available.

Affected Supermicro motherboard SKUs will require a BMC update to mitigate these potential vulnerabilities. It is advised to follow the <u>BMC Configuration Best Practices Guide</u> and configure session timeout.

Available Vendor Patches

No validated patch is available at the time. Eviden is working with its suppliers to distribute updates as soon as possible.

Technical States links for Eviden servers are reminded in the table below.

| Product | Technical State link |
|----------------------|--|
| Bull Sequana X400-E5 | https://support.bull.com/ols/product/platforms/hw- |
| | extremcomp/sequana/x400/dl/pkgf/pkg |

Available Workarounds

As an immediate workaround to reduce the attack surface, it is advised to follow the BMC Configuration Best Practices Guide [link] and configure session timeout.

Available Mitigations

BMCs are usually connected to management networks which are not exposed to the Internet.

Available Exploits/PoC

Eviden is not aware of any exploitation of the reported vulnerabilities.

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References

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- 2. https://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/files/IPMI/Best_Practices_BMC_Security.pdf
- 3. https://binarly.io/posts/Binarly_REsearch_Uncovers_Major_Vulnerabilities_in_supermicro_BMCs/index.html
- 4. https://www.nsa.gov/Press-Room/Press-Releases-Statements/Press-Releases-Releases-Statements/Press-Releases-Releases-Statements/Press-Releases-Rele
- 5. https://www.binarly.io/blog/cve-2024-36435-deep-dive-the-years-most-critical-bmc-security-flaw





Glossary of terms

| Term | Description |
|----------------|---|
| Mitigation | Refers to a setting, common configuration, or general best- |
| | practice, existing in a default state that could reduce the |
| | severity of exploitation of a vulnerability |
| Neutralization | The neutralization phase is the decision-making process |
| | during which the risk posed by an incident is evaluated. |
| PoC | Proof of Concept |
| Remediation | The remediation phase ends with the delivering of a qualified |
| | solution/update fixing the vulnerability without regression. |
| TI | Threat Intelligence |
| TLP | Traffic Light Protocol (TLP) FIRST Standards Definitions and |
| | Usage Guidance — Version 2.0. <u>https://www.first.org/tlp/</u> |
| Workaround | Refers to a setting or configuration change that does not |
| | correct the underlying vulnerability but would help block |
| | known attack vectors before you apply the update |

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Eviden continuously monitors the security of its products. This Security Bulletin is shared under the constraints of the FIRST Traffic Light Protocol version 2.0 (TLP) to bring attention of owners of the potentially affected Eviden products. Eviden recommends that all product owners determine whether the described situation is applicable to their individual case and take appropriate action.

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- Neutralization security bulletins are numbered 0.x
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- Publicly disclosed Remediation security bulletins are numbered 2.x

Updated versions of this document can be found on:

- https://support.bull.com/ols/product/security/psirt

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