

Security Bulletin

Vulnerabilities in Netfilter

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TLP:CLEAR

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List of changes

Version	Date	Description
0.1	2024/03/29	Initial neutralization version
2.2	2024/06/14	CISA note added to bulletin for CVE-2024-1086, TLP changed for CLEAR

Executive summary

The Linux kernel's netfilter component is affected by multiple vulnerabilities which raise significant concern as they could be chained together to achieve significant impact. It is recommended to apply kernel patches as soon as possible.

The uncovering of vulnerabilities within this crucial component, particularly CVE-2023-6817 and CVE-2024-1086, has raised a red flag for security professionals and system administrators.

A severe vulnerability has been discovered in the Linux kernel's `nf_tables`, known as CVE-2024-1086. This critical flaw allows for local privilege escalation through the improper use of memory. It underscores the necessity of regularly updating the system. [CISA added vulnerability to its Known Exploited Vulnerabilities Catalog, based on evidence of active exploitation.](#)

An additional security concern of great significance (CVE-2023-6817) has emerged. This particular vulnerability is rooted in a use-after-free error within netfilter's `nf_tables` component. It is imperative to promptly update the system to mitigate the risk of unauthorized access, emphasizing the importance of timely system updates.

The Linux kernel's netfilter subsystem is at risk due to CVE-2023-3390, a critical loophole that could lead to system crashes and unauthorized code execution. This vulnerability stems from incorrect error handling, resulting in a use-after-free vulnerability.

Vulnerability Info

CVE No.	CVSS Score	Type of Vulnerability
CVE-2023-3390	7.8	CWE-416 Use After Free
CVE-2023-6817	7.8	CWE-416 Use After Free
CVE-2024-1086	7.8	CWE-416 Use After Free

Affected products

All linux kernels may be affected by these vulnerabilities.

In particular RedHat has issued kernel patches for these important vulnerabilities.

Recommendations

Eviden recommends applying the Linux kernel patches as soon as possible.

Available Vendor Patches

For RedHat, see:

1. <https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-3390>
2. <https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-6817>
3. <https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-1086>

Available Workarounds

No workaround is available.

Available Mitigations

Updates for kernel and kernel-rt is now available for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7, 8 and 9.

Available Exploits/PoC

CVE-2023-3390

Proof of concept is available

https://github.com/google/security-research/blob/master/pocs/linux/kernelctf/CVE-2023-3390_Its_cos_mitigation/docs/exploit.md

CVE-2023-6817

Proof of concept is available

<https://seclists.org/oss-sec/2023/q4/316>

CVE-2024-1086

Proof of concept is available

<https://github.com/Notselwyn/CVE-2024-1086>

CISA added vulnerability to its Known Exploited Vulnerabilities Catalog, based on evidence of active exploitation.

References

4. <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-3390>
5. <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2023-6817>
6. <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2024-1086>
7. <http://packetstormsecurity.com/files/174577/Kernel-Live-Patch-Security-Notice-LSN-0097-1.html>
8. <https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/stable/linux.git/commit/?id=1240eb93f0616b21c675416516ff3d74798fdc97>
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11. <http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2023/12/22/13>
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16. <https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git/commit/?id=f342de4e2f33e0e39165d8639387aa6c19dff660>
17. <https://github.com/Notselwyn/CVE-2024-1086>
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20. <https://news.ycombinator.com/item?id=39828424>
21. <https://pwning.tech/nftables/>
22. <https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-3390>
23. <https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2023-6817>
24. <https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2024-1086>
25. <https://www.cisa.gov/news-events/alerts/2024/05/30/cisa-adds-two-known-exploited-vulnerabilities-catalog>
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Glossary of terms

Term	Description
Mitigation	Refers to a setting, common configuration, or general best-practice, existing in a default state that could reduce the severity of exploitation of a vulnerability
Neutralization	The neutralization phase is the decision-making process during which the risk posed by an incident is evaluated.
PoC	Proof of Concept
Remediation	The remediation phase ends with the delivering of a qualified solution/update fixing the vulnerability without regression.
TI	Threat Intelligence
TLP	Traffic Light Protocol (TLP) FIRST Standards Definitions and Usage Guidance — Version 2.0. https://www.first.org/tlp/
Workaround	Refers to a setting or configuration change that does not correct the underlying vulnerability but would help block known attack vectors before you apply the update

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- Privately disclosed Remediation security bulletins are numbered 1.x
- Publicly disclosed Remediation security bulletins are numbered 2.x

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- <https://support.bull.com/ols/product/security/psirt>

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